The Times-Democrat.

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LEGAL BATTLE BEGUN.

The Control of Woolson Spice Company Is at Stake.

TELEGRAMS ARE WITHHELD.

The Court Hears the Petition of the Arbuckles Asking For a Receiver and Later the Arguments on Demurrer.

Toledo, Jan. 23.—The legal battle over the Woolson Spice company began in common pleas court here, Judge Morris presiding. The morning session was consumed in reading the original petition of the Arbuckles asking for a receiver for the Woolson company, the answer of the latter and their demurrer. The afternoon session was devoted to arguments on the general demurrer. Over 60 witnesses will be called.

Manager Green of the Western Union has been ordered to produce certain telegrams that passed between the Woolson people and the sugar refining company. He informed the court that could not show all of them, but Judge Morris said that he would pass on that question at the proper time. The case will probably occupy several days.

KANSAS STATESMEN.

They Institute "Lexowing" Methods Among Kansas City Police.

Kansas City, Jan. 23.—"Lexowing" was begun in earnest here when the house committee of seven appointed to investigate the alleged corruption existing in the local police department began its work. Representative Winfield S. Pope of Jefferson City, acting as chairman, got the committee together in a large parlor at the Midland hotel.

Colonel William R. Nelson, proprietor of the Kansas City Star, as called before the committee as its first witness, The Star having published many cases of alleged unrestricted gambling and "shown up" other cases of improper police doings.

Colonel Nelson's testimony was in the nature of a reiteration of these charges. Following him, Mayor James M. Jones, whose previous term as police judge put him in touch with gamblers and the police force and its workings was called.

Mr. Jones told of the effort to suppress gambling and of the open talk of police protection Soon after his election to the mayoralty, he said he had asked the late Chief of Police Irwin to co-operate with him in suppressing the vice, but nothing was done.

Senator Williams Not In Cuba.

Alliance, O., Jan 23.—Inquiries were made here concerning State Senator Silas W. Williams, who was reported as studying the Cuban situation on the island in President-elect McKinley's interest. It was learned that Mr. Williams is traveling in the south seeking to recuperate his health. A recent letter was dated New Orleans and said he woud shortly go to Florida, but made no mention of an intention to go to Cuba. His Alliance friends have no knowledge of his being in Cuba. The story that he has gone to the island on behalf of Mr. McKinley is entirely discredited.

The Matthews Estate.

Mount Pleasant, O., Jan. 23.—Samuel Friend and Justice D Manderson, trustees of the Theobald Mathews estate, which is estimated to be worth at least $21,000,000, $12,000,000 of which is in property clear of encumbrance of Leo, O., state that the well known jurist, Columbus M. Waterman of Manchester, O., has been engaged to conduct the litgation concerning the involved portion of the estate, most of which is in the jurisdiction of Minnesota and Maryland courts, but which will be carried to the United States supreme court.

Fatally Injured.

Guelph, Ont., Jan. 23.—William Bell, the millionaire organ and piano manufacturer of Guelph, was probably fatally injured while returning from Toronto. He was found lying unconscious near the railway track a few miles from here with severe wounds on his head. It is thought he was seized with a fainting fit.

Crockery Concern Fails.

Kansas City, Jan. 23.—The Campbell-Eaton Crockery company, one of the largest concerns in Kansas City, failed, the store and fixtures being taken possession of by the Citizens' National bank under a chattel mortgage for $12,500. The assets amount to $37,000; liabilities estimated at $22,000.

Many Pressing Debts.

San Francisco, Jan 23.—Will E. Fisher, a well known real estate agent, is missing. He owes about $30,000 in pressing debts, besides other liabilities of a general character, including $40,000 borrowed from his wife. Fisher's downfall is ascribed to neglect of business and dissipation.

A Serious Wreck.

Houston, Tex., Jan 23.—A rearend collision occurred between freight trains at Benchley, on the Texas Central, wrecking 10 cars, a caboose and a locomotive and seriously injuring Engineer Higgins, Fireman Stuart and Brakeman J. L. Robinson.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

Three Distinct Sensations Furnish a Variety.

SHERMAN OFFERS PROTEST.

A Letter From the Minister of the Greater Republic of the Central American States Against the Nicaraguan Canal.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The session of the senate developed three distinct sensations. Most important of these was the presentation by Mr. Sherman of a letter from Minister Rodriguez, the representative of the Greater Republic of Central America (including Nicaragua), in effect protesting against the execution of the Nicaraguan canal project by the United States under the concession granted in 1887 to the Nicaraguan Canal company.

As the bill for this purpose was about to be voted on by the senate, the appearance of the letter created consternation among its friends.

Mr. Morgan, its chief supporter, at once declared that the letter was inspired by Great Britain, who sought to drive the United States from the isthmus by using the Central Americas as a catspaw. He asserted that Minister Rodriguez had come here to execute such a plan, and that it was an open threat against American control of the canal.

Senator Vilas declared that it struck a death blow to the canal project proposed by the pending bill.

Earlier in the day the senate unexpectedly found itself discussing the new Anglo-American treaty. While the treaty itself has been released, all discussion of it is restricted to executive sessions.

Notwithstanding this rule the expressions were free and full from Messrs Sherman, Gray, Cullom, Lodge, Hoar and others. The statements of these senators were uniformly favorable to the high principle of the treaty, the only qualification being that it should receive mature and dispassionate consideration.

Shortly after the session began Mr. Turpie caused a preliminary flurry by criticising the reported agreement between Mr. Olney and Mr. Sheramn by which no action was to be taken as to Cuba before March 4. Mr. Sherman emphatically denied that any such agreement had been made, and added that he had not had a word with Mr Olney in that direction. Mr. Turpie gave notice of a speech on the Cameron Cuban resolution on Monday.

These three incidents relating to day's session one of the most eventful in years.

House Proceedings.

Washington, Jan 23.—This was private bill day in the house and most of the time was consumed with small bills The bill to provide for holding terms of the United States court of the eastern district of Texas at the town of Beaumont was passed over the president's veto by a vote of 144 to 68. Incidental to the discussion Mr Cooper of Texas declared that the president vetoed the bill through a misapprehension and that he had vainly tried to get an audience with Mr. Cleveland to explain the measure. Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio spoke sarcastically of the president's custom of refusing to see congressmen unless his private secretary approved of their errands Some more bills were passed After the night pension session the house adjourned until Monday

A Jar In Royal Families.

London, Jan. 23.—According to the Berlin correspondent of the Daily News Emperor William was invited to attend the wedding breakfast of the daughter of Count von Wedell, minister of the imperial household, to Count von Bismarck-Holen, to which the Bismarck family had been invited and refused, and refused to meet Count Herbert Bismarck. Count Zu Eulenberg, the court marshal, tried to arrange matters, but the emperor was obdurate, and Count von Weddell's family was compelled to ask Count Herbert Bismarck to remain away from the wedding.

Sent by the President.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The president sent to the senate in response to a resolution a report of the secretary of state transmitting a list of the claims filed in the department of state by the citizens of the United States against Spain war indemnity, the correspondence relating to the vessel "Competitor" and the persons claiming American citizenship captured there on which he "deems is not incompatible with the public interests to communicate."

The Indictments Are Good.

New York, Jan. 23.—Justice Lawrence, in the criminal bench of the supreme court, handed down an opinion denying the demurrer to the indictment found some months ago for conspiracy against the officers of the American Tobacco company. The case was argued a few weeks ago.

Lottery Order Issued.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The postoffice department has issued a lottery order against the Southern Mutual Investment company at Cincinnati and Louisville.

THE PRICES ARE LOWER

Volume of Business Is Unquestionably Larger.

NO SIGNS OF DEPRESSION.

The Market For Securities Is Slightly Stronger and All Apprehension of Foreign Money Disturbance Has Passed.

New York, Jan. 23.—R. G. Dun & Company's weekly review of trade says: There is more business, though not at better prices. It is interesting that almost all prices which change at all are lower than a week ago, and yet business is unquestionably larger.

There is larger production, but as yet not as much increase in consumption, and there is larger buying of materials, but at present only because better prices are expected in the future.

A few conspicuous failures during the week have had no material influence. The market for securities is slightly stronger and yet there is very little doing.

The number of hands employed, all industries considered, is slightly larger than a week ago, without adverse change in the rate of wages. All apprehension of foreign disturbance of money markets has passed away.

It is a mistake to reckon these as symptoms of depression. On the contrary, in spite of the lower range of prices in important industries, the conditions all indicate larger production and a consumption increasing, not as yet largely, but steadily.

Wheat, corn and cotton experts are the key of the financial situation and during the past week wheat has declined ⅝ cents and corn ⅝ cents, while cotton is unchanged.

The western receipts of wheat are still small, 581,000 bushels less than a year ago, and for three weeks of January 4,519,719 bushels, against 7,666,709 last year.

The iron industry is engaged in settling relative prices, and the slow operation retards business in many branches, since the future of prices is uncertain Bessemer pig is a trifle lower at $10.40 at Pittsburg and Grey Forge, $9 40, though no further decline has occurred in eastern markets or at Chicago.

Failures for the week have been 409 in the United States against 377 last year, and 65 in Canada against 61 last year.

The aggregate of gross earnings of all railroads in the United States reported for the first half of January is $9,737,724, a decrease of 4 per cent compared with last year and of 10.1 per cent compared with the corresponding period in 1893.

Must Vacate Lands.

Washington, Jan 23.—Secretary Francis issued an order directing that all claimants to citizenship in the five civilized tribes of Indian Territory, whose applications were rejected by the Dawes commission and who failed to appeal to the United States courts within 60 days of rejection and all noncitizens who did not apply for citizenship and who are now occupying lands belonging to the five tribes shall vacate these lands of the tribes by Feb 6 next. This action affects a host of people throughout the territory, many of whom are preparing to plant and grow crops, and is mainly directed against the Cherokee intruders.

Statement About Plague.

London, Jan. 23.—In the house of commons Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state for India, made a long statement on the subject of the measures taken by the Indian government to cope with the plague. He pointed out that there was no epidemic except in Bombay, Karachi and Poona. Experts, he admitted, predicted some increase of the plague in the winter, but the government was hopeful that the measures adopted were beginning to make a real impression upon the plague and that its decline may henceforth be noted.

Dixon Wins.

New York, Jan. 23.—George Dixon, champion featherweight pugilist of the world, defeated Australian Billy Murphy of Cincinnati in six rounds at the Broadway Athletic club. Murphy, who arrived here from the west a couple of days ago, was trained rather fine and when he stripped the general impression was that he would never be able to go the stipulated distance of 20 rounds.

An Editor In Contempt.

Waverly, O., Jan. 23.—John A. Jones, editor of The Courier Watchman, has been arrested for contempt of court. He recently "roasted" the judge, prosecutor and grand jury because some of his enemies were not indicted.

Paid an Indemnity.

London, Jan. 23.—The Times correspondent at Georgetown, British Guiana, says, "Venezuela has paid an indemnity of £1,500 for the Uruan outrage."

Sir Isaac Pitman Dead.

London, Jan. 23.—Sir Isaac Pitman, the inventor of the system of shorthand writing which bears his name, is dead. He has been suffering severely from a complication of troubles for some time past.

SEVERAL DROWNED.

Insurgents Pursued by the Spaniards Jump Into the River.

Havana, Jan 23.—Brigadier General Molina, by a series of combined operations, has defeated the insurgents at Zarabanda, province of Matanzas, at Punta Guamo, where he dislodged them from the hills and later he definitely defeated them at Tumbadero, several of the insurgents jumping into the river and being drowned.

Fifteen men it is believed lost their lives in this way and 24 others were suffocated in the mud. The insurgents abandoned 69 saddle horses.

The troops lost two men killed and had seven wounded. A column of troops under Colonel Tovars advanced along the left side of Cato river, defeating and dispersing the enemy from Cayomon.

On arriving at Guaymo the troops found the insurgents occupying a parapeted position, the town having been entirely destroyed, a tugboat blown up with dynamite and the roof of the fort almost shot away by the artillery fire of the insurgents.

The Spaniards opened fire with artillery upon the enemy's position, which was on the right side of the river, and the garrison, by prompt movement, succeeded in occupying and destroying the defenses of the enemy.

The fort was attacked on Jan. 16 by Calixto Garcia from the right and by Rabi on the left. The first attack was repulsed with great loss, and seeing the impossibility of capturing it by assault, the insurgents besieged the place and tried to cut off the water supply of the garrison.

When assistance came the garrison had lost three men killed, had eight men seriously wounded and 12 men slightly wounded. The garrison was commanded by Lieutenant Ricos.

Two insurgents, Ignacio Hernandez and Domingo Niebla, were executed at Santa Clara

Blockaded by Snow.

Huron, S. D., Jan. 23.—Because of the wind, which solidly filled railroad cuts with snow, no trains were sent east or south over the Chicago and Northwestern. The Milwaukee line is blockaded and the Great Northern has been under three to ten feet of snow for two weeks. An engine and snow plow were thrown from the Chicago and Northwestern tracks a mile east of the city by a broken rail.

Goff With McKinley.

Canton, O., Jan. 23.—Judge Nathan Goff of West Virginia, on most of the cabinet slates as attorneye general, ho came here to confer with Major McKinley, remained in the city until evening, when heleft for home. It is generally believed that has been practically determined upon for the attorney general of the next administration, although no direct authoritative statement to that effect has been made.

The Flying Swede.

Indianapolis, Jan. 23.—Tillie Anderson, the flying Swede, was in front at the finish of the race. Farnsworth was first over the tape at the 200 mile mark. The girls continue to break records for the different hours. The score at the finish was as follows: Anderson, 206 miles, Farnsworth, 206 miles; Allen, 205 miles, 16 laps; Baldwin, 205 miles, 14 laps; Christopher, 205 miles, 14 laps.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For Jan. 22. New York.

Beef—Family, $9 50@10 00; extra mess, $7 50; packed, $8 00@9 00 Cut meats—pickled bellies, 4@4½c; pickled shoulders, 4½c; pickled hams, 8½@9c. Lard—Western steam, $4 25. Pork—Old mess, $8 50@9 00; family, $10 50@11 00, clear, $8 75@10 00.

Butter—Western dairy, 8@13c; creamery, 13@20c; do factory, 7@12c. Cheese—State large, 7½@10½c; small, 7½@10½c; part skims, 3½@7c; full skims, 2½@3c. Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 18@20c; western fresh, 14@18c.

Wheat—96½c. Corn—28½c. Rye—40@43c. Oats—22½c.

Buffalo.

Cattle—Best heavy steers, $5 00@5 15; good choice shippers, $4 65@4 90; light to medium, $4 35@4 60, half fat to good butchers', $3 80@4 25; good to prime fat heifers, $4 00@4 35; good to prime fat cows, $3 30@3 75; mixed butchers' stock, $2 55@3 75; good butchers' bulls, $3 25@3 50; good stockers, $3 35@3 60; feeders, $3 75@4 00; veals, $4 50@6 75.

Sheep and Lambs—Lambs, $5 10@5 25; sheep, $3 75@4 00.

Hogs—Yorkers, $3 75; pigs, $3 75@3 80; mediums, $3 60@3 65; heavy, $3 55.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, $4 75@4 90; good, $4 40@4 60; tidy, $4 20@4 40; fair, $3 80@4 10; common, $3 25@3 75; feeders, $3 60@4 00; bulls, stags and cows, $2 00@3 50.

Hogs—Prime pigs, $3 70@3 75; best medium and prime light, $3 65@3 70, common to fair, $3 60@3 65; heavy, $3 45@3 55; roughs, $2 25@4 10

Sheep—Prime, $3 85@4 00; good, $3 65@3 80; fair, $3 20@3 50, culls and common, $1 50@2 75; choice lambs, $4 90@5 10; common to good, $4 75@4 75, veal calves, $6 50@7 00.

Chicago.

Hogs—Light, $3 35@3 55; mixed, $3 30@3 50, heavy, $3 20@3 47½; rough, $3 20@3 25.

Cattle—Beeves, $3 75@5 15; cows and heifers, $1 75@4 10, Texas steers, $3 10@4 20; stockers and feeders, $3 00@4 00.

Sheep—Steady to firm.

Wheat—77½c. Oats—15½c Corn—21½@21⅝c. Rye—36c.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 92@92½c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 22½c. Oats—No 2 mixed, 19c. Rye—No 2, 35@36c.

Lard—$3 82 Bulk meats—$4 25@4 37½ Bacon—$5 00

Hogs—$2 75@3 50 Cattle—$3 50@4 50. Sheep—$2 25@3 75 Lambs—$3 50@5 10.

Toledo.

Wheat—91½c. Corn—24½c. Cloverseed—$4 80

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BAKING POWDER

ROYAL—the most celebrated of all the baking powders in the world—celebrated for its great leavening strength and purity. It makes your cakes, biscuit, bread, etc., healthful, it assures you against alum and all forms of adulteration that go with the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

City Sued For Funeral Expenses.

New York, Jan. 23.—Charles Minshell was in Bellevue hospital and when he was transferred to Blackwell's Island no note was made of it. When Chales Mauriel died in the hospital it was concluded this was a misnomer and Minshell's relatives buried the body. Subsequently Minshell returned home and has sued the city for funeral expenses.

Why McMann Left.

Delaware, O., Jan. 23.—John McMann, Jr., has skipped out for parts unknown. He bought a new buggy of H. H. Edwards of Sunbury, mortgaged his property on short time, raised $175 on a note secured by a neighbor, Mr. Huddle, borrowed $40 of George Cring, sold the mortgaged horse for $135, borrowed $600 more and left his wife and family. Officers are in pursuit.

Echo of the Seeley Dinner.

New York, Jan. 23.—Oscar Hammerstein, manager of the Olympic Music hall, was indicted for maintaining a public nuisance. The specific offense charged is that upon the stage of the Music hall there is being given nightly a representation of scenes alleged to have transpired at the now famous Seeley bachelor dinner, a few weeks ago.

A Heavy Judgment.

Springfield, O., Jan. 23.—William M. Wilson has instituted suit against Amos Whitely and others for equitable relief in aid of execution in collecting a judgment for $69,986.40, of date of Jan. 4, 1897. Plaintiff sets up that defendant sold his property to his sons to defraud plaintiff out of his just claims.

The Colonel's Daughter Admitted.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 23.—Miss Sophonisba Breckinridge, daughter of Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge, was Granted a license to practice law in this state by the committee of judges of the court of appeals.

$7.50 Overcoats! FOR $5.00.

$10.00 Overcoats! FOR $7.50.

JANUARY CLEARING ✣ BEFORE STOCK-TAKING

SALE!

REAL BARGAINS.

Marked reductions on our entire stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's

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NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

DACOITS OF BURMA.

THOUGH SOMEWHAT CHANGED THEY STILL EXIST TO PLUNDER.

Authorities Are Unable to Stop the Thieving and Do Not Often Capture One of the Dacoits—A Sample Case of the Inefficiency of the Police Officers.

Burma is one of the countries that are changing very fast and one of the things that have changed in Burma is the dacoit. The sportive gentlemen described by Rudyard Kipling and others who crucified villagers wholesale and filled old ladies with kerosene were flourishing in full vigor less than ten years ago, but they already belong as completely to the past as Dick Turpin and his colleagues in England. No doubt a fresh war or any event seriously shaking the British power or reputation might produce a recrudescence of the old disease, but in the meantime the dacoits have entirely changed their habits. Instead of living together in bands in the jungle they are scattered through separate villages in the guise of peaceful cultivators. During the day each man attends to his paddy fields just like his neighbors, and it is only at night that they meet together for the dispatch of their more important and lucrative business.

Dacoity as defined by law is simply robbery committed by a band of five men or more, and it is important only because of the Burman's strong natural propensity toward it and the great difficulties which his national character places in the way of his detection. It must always be remembered that, Burma being in a transition stage and much less settled than India and the government being extremely short handed, an immense amount of various kinds of work falls upon each single English official. Hence it is wholly impossible for him to exercise any close or detailed supervision over any particular part of his district. This of itself renders the detection of criminals a difficult matter. When the dacoits were in the woods, it was simply a case of turning out occasionally to hunt them down. At present the matter must necessarily be left chiefly in the hands of natives.

Now, the natives are for the most part honest and tolerably law abiding, and they have no sympathy whatever with a man who goes dacoiting, but the dacoit goes armed, and the supineness and cowardice of the Burman in the presence of arms, more particularly of firearms, are something almost incomprehensible to the western mind. It is quite sufficient for a party of half a dozen men to have a gun among them—effective or useless, loaded or empty, matters little, the mere show is enough—and they may go fearlessly to work in the midst of a crowd. No one will interfere with them. In more than one instance bold robbers have made successful attacks when armed merely with their dahs—the dagger which every Burman carries—and with a pretended rifle made of a stick, with which they frightened off all opposition.

But perhaps the strange workings of the native character are best exhibited in the following case, which occurred quite recently. The facts are vouched for by an English officer: There was a band of five men who were in the habit of practicing dacoity occasionally. Three of them came from the same village—not a common thing, as it makes detection easier—the fourth from another village, and, as for the fifth, no man knows whence he came, for reasons that will appear. One night these five men, armed with nothing but their knives and spears, which are used for fishing in lower Burma, entered a house, tied up the owner and began plundering. Now, this house was in a large village, containing not only a population of some 1,400, but a police post with 15 native policemen armed with snider. The alarm was given and the house surrounded, and then there was a pause. The robbers continued their work undisturbed within. The villagers, some 200 or 300 ablebodied men, all more or less armed, sat around on the dam which surrounds and protects every house on the delta, looked down on the house and discussed the question. The police stood rather nearer the house and fired shots into it through the bamboo walls, hurting no one.

One solitary policeman after a time volunteered to advance. He crept up quite close to the house and fired in through an opening in the wall. Then he went farther and actually put his head and part of his body through the hole, apparently to see what execution he had done. One of the robbers promptly pinned him to the ground with a fish spear and killed him. By this time they had completed their preparations; so they sallied forth, each man with his pack of plunder on his back. Though the house was surrounded, they appear to have had no difficulty in making their way through, only the police fired after them with buckshot and hit three of them in the back, not seriously wounding them. But one of the band had the misfortune to stumble and fall. Instantly the crowd rushed upon him, and before he could rise literally hacked him to pieces, and so effectively that not the slightest clew to his identity remained. He was absolutely destroyed. No one knows even what was his nationality. The other four got clear away.—Public Opinion.

A Remarkable Freezing Mixture.

A majority of readers know that a mixture of two parts of pounded ice and one part of common salt will reduce the temperature of anything inclosed so as to be wholly surrounded by the mixture (say a milk can in an ice cream freezer) to a point 36 degrees below that at which water freezes. There are but few readers, however, that know of the remarkable properties of a mixture of chloride of lime and ice. A mixture of three parts of crystallized chloride of lime and two parts of ice forms a combination that will freeze mercury in seven minutes.—St. Louis Republic.

IN THE PAWNSHOPS.

QUEER INCIDENTS NOTED BY PROPRIETORS OF LOAN OFFICES.

An Insignia of the Legion of Honor Offered "Loaned"—Trying to Pawn a Glass Eye. The Secret Which a Few Half Inch Boards Kept Dark.

The pawnbroker, the banker of the spendthrift and the unfortunate, the custodian of family skeletons and the receiving teller of hard luck stories, runs across a deal of the pathos of life mixed up with not a little that is strikingly ludicrous.

Stories of former opulence and present need of reckless speculation, of dissipation, of oppression, are given over to his safe keeping, along with valued keepsakes and family heirlooms. Some of these heirlooms have strange histories.

In the vaults of a Clark street pawnbroker is a bit of soiled ribbon that was once pinned on the breast of a gallant general by no less a person than Napoleon. The ribbon is soiled and crumpled, but from the bottom of it, bright as the day it was first worn, hangs the insignia of the Legion of Honor. Along with it are papers giving the name of its first holder and the fields of battle on which he achieved the right to wear it. How it made its way to Chicago is unknown history, but time and again has it found its way into the vaults of the broker, only to be redeemed again and brought back. A few doors away is deposited a belt of fine gold and silver interwoven, the last relic of a once distinguished Russian family.

Not long ago a woman, past the prime of life, tall and stately, and with the dark, imperious eyes and haughty bearing of a Castilian, called on a Clark street broker. She said she was of a Spanish family which had been compelled to leave its country for political causes. She would not give her name. "If I did," she said, "you would be incredulous." Then she handed the clerk a casket of jewels—tiaras, bracelets, pendants, all set with gems of the first water. She wanted $30,000—for only a short while, she explained. Not a cent less would be of use to her. The jewels had doubtless cost a great deal more than this sum, but the broker feared he could not realize that amount on them, and the woman left and never returned.

A few days ago a well dressed, dignified man walked into this same establishment and said he would like to secure a loan of a few dollars. On being asked what security he had to offer he gave the dapper broker a fit of nervous prostration by calmly removing a glass eye.

"This is remarkably fine eye," he explained, leisurely wiping the dislodged optic on his handkerchief. "I have been told it becomes me better than my own, but if you would let me have a few dollars on it I think I could get along with the other for a day or two."

The broker admitted that he had once assisted in putting pennies on the eyes of a deceased relative, but couldn't see his way clear to place dollars on the glass eye of a live man, and the visitor secured the address of a second hand clothes dealer, replaced his eye, bowed stiffly and walked away.

In the higher class of pawnshops—those that restrict themselves solely to diamonds, watches and jewelry—the place loans are negotiated and goods received are separated from the front showroom by a partition. To give greater privacy to customers there is a little row of stalls along a counter. These are fitted with spring doors, giving them the appearance of a line of telephone boxes. Into one of these a person can step and transact his or her business unseen by any save the clerk behind the counter. Last summer, about holiday time, a fashionably dressed woman was in one of these stalls in a down town broker's office. She wanted to borrow $80 on a ring. "It's my engagement ring," she explained, "and I wouldn't have my husband know for the world."

While this was going on a man in the compartment next to her was dickering with another clerk over a loan of $50 on a watch. The owner's initials were on the back of the watch, and as this lessened its selling value the clerk hesitated in advancing so much.

"Oh, that's a point in your favor," explained the would be borrower. "My wife had those put on there when she gave it to me, and I'll be bound to redeem it shortly, for if she knew I was soaking her present there would be insomnia in our family till I brought it home."

By this time the woman in stall No 1 had secured her money and departed. After a little delay the man did likewise. When the usual list was made out for police inspection, it was found that the names and addresses of the two tallied, and that they were, in fact, man and wife. The ring and the watch have long since been redeemed, and neither guesses that only a few half inch boards stood between two awful revelations.—Chicago Record.

A Distance Table.

A lady spending summer at a fishing village on the south coast asked one of the male residents:

"How far is it to Mr Dibson's house?"

The sentaring man pulled his topknot politely and answered.

"Just al out a dog's trot, mum."

"How far is that?" the lady asked again.

The man hesitated an instant, as if searching in his mind for an exact measure of distance, and then replied:

"About as far as it would take ye to smoke an even pipeful o' tobacker, mum!"—Pearson's Weekly.

One Day at a Time.

It seems as if life might all be so simple and so beautiful, so good to live, so good to look at, if we could only think of it as one long journey, where every day's march had its own separate sort of beauty to travel through.—Phillips Brooks.

Gloom

Of ill health, despondency and despair, gives way to the sunshine of hope, happiness and health, upon taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it gives renewed life and vitality to the blood, and through that imparts nerve strength, vigor and energy to the whole body. Read this letter:

to

"Hood's Sarsaparilla helped me wonderfully, changed sickness to health, gloom to sunshine. No pen can describe what I suffered. I was deathly sick, had sick headaches every few days and those terrible tired, despondent feelings, with heart troubles so that I could not go up and

Sunshine

down stairs without clasping my hand over my heart and resting. In fact, it would almost take my breath away. I suffered so I did not care to live, yet I had much to live for. There is no pleasure in life if deprived of health, for life becomes a burden. Hood's Sarsaparilla does far more than advertised. After taking one bottle, it is sufficient to recommend itself." MRS. J. E. SMITH, Beloit, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache. 25 cents.

B'LIN SOAP 'ITH MARTHY.

Lord, how I miss them good ole days
W'en life 'ud fell o' I we
An me an Marthy Ellen Hays
Would spend b'lim soap
The potash kittle we 'ud have to have
It hilt three bar'ls clear,
An so Mis' Hays an me 'ud save
Their soap grease for a year
An plan to bile it "on the street,"
Been nex' door neighbors so,
An ast if me an Marthy d keer
To kind o' boss the show.

The kittle was set in the orchard lot
W'ere nobody'd come an spy,
An I'd snake the kags o' soap scraps out
On our stunboat, an Marthy'd try
To ketch a ride an couldn't hol on
'Thout grabbin me roun the wais',
I thought that heaven was shinin upon
My heart in that sweet embrace.
I'd tote fire to light an the eye to bring
As it dripped from the wood ash leach
An Marthy to watch as she'd set an sing
As putty as a peach.

An my yearnin senses was took by storm
By each little commin trick
O' grace an beauty an swaym form
As she stirred the soap 'ith a stick.
An her sunbunnit fell f'um her golden curls—
Oh, shucks! I couldn't hope
To tell how fair was that fairest o' girls
As she stirred the b'lim soap.
It's kind o' lonesome a-settin here
An thinkin them ole times over
Wut? Marthy? Hain't seen 'er fer seventeen year.
Seence she married that down east drover
—J. L. Keaton in "The Quilting Bee."

Reason In the Lower Animals.

We have a fox terrier whose happiness was complete until Dodgerfield came. She is very affectionate, consequently very jealous. It looks and growls would kill, Dodgerfield would die many times a day. Both dogs eat from the same plate, but not at the same time. One day last week we fed Dodgerfield first. The fox terrier was very hungry and begged hard for first dinner. Dodger seemed to eat more slowly than usual, and Nettie watched dolefully.

Finally hunger got the better of her honesty, and she barked sharply three short barks. Dodger left his plate and sprang to the window, looking excitedly up and down the road. Nettie looked neither to the right nor the left, but made straight for the plate of food as soon as Dodger's back was turned. If this was not an exhibition of reason and human intelligence, then mankind in general possesses a large degree of animal "instinct."—Dog Fancier.

Two Lists of Presidents.

John Adams.	George Washington.
J. Q. Adams.	Thomas Jefferson.
W. H. Harrison.	James Madison.
John Tyler.	James Monroe.
James K. Polk.	Andrew Jackson.
Franklin Pierce.	Martin Van Buren.
James Buchanan.	Zachary Taylor.
R. B. Hayes.	Millard Fillmore.
James A. Garfield.	Abraham Lincoln.
Chester A. Arthur.	Andrew Johnson.
Benjamin Harrison.	U. S. Grant.
	Grover Cleveland.

There they are—about half and half. It is worthy of note that the two term presidents are all in the right hand column. Those in the left hand column were college graduates; those in the other column were not. — Western Teacher.

'Tis Midnight!

Hark! All through the house rings the awful sound, once heard never forgotten, the sound of a child's croup cough. There is no time to lose. Croup is a monster that will not be trifled with. Then is the time that if you have neglected to provide yourself with a bottle of Dr Hand's Cough and Croup Medicine you fully realize how careless and neglectful you have been. It is worth its weight in gold at that critical moment. And yet it costs only 25c a bottle at any drug store.

The tickets to the village ball were not transferable, and this was the way they read: "Admit this gentleman to ball in assembly rooms. No gentleman admitted unless he comes himself."

Anyone who suffers from that terrible plague, Itching Piles, will appreciate the immediate relief and permanent cure that comes through the use of Doan's ointment. It never fails.

HOW SHE HELD THE TRAIN.

A Woman's Strategy That Enabled Her Daughter to Go to Town.

"Before I came to this part of the country I was an engineer on a railroad down south," said a railway man. "We used to make a long run, and we were pretty slow about it. While on that line I had some very odd experiences. I remember one day, when we reached the junction station, a woman came up to me and asked me to hold the train for five minutes. She said that her daughter wanted to take the train to the city. I told her that it was impossible for me to hold the train for her."

"'I don't see why,' she expostulated. 'I think you might do a little thing like that.'

"I tried to explain to her that trains ran on schedule time, and, like time and tide, wait for no man, or woman either, for that matter. But she wouldn't have it, and finally, just as we were about to start, she slounted indignantly:

"'Well, I'll just see about that.'

"I laughed, but soon I ceased to laugh, for what did that old woman do but get right on the track about three feet in front of the engine. She sat herself there, firmly grasping hold of the rails with both hands. The conductor signaled for me to go ahead, as our stop was over. But I couldn't do it as long as she remained on the track, for I would kill her certainly. I called to the conductor, and he, impatient at the delay, came up. I explained the situation to him. He was as mad as I was and going up to the woman told her to get off the track.

"'I just won't,' she replied, 'until my daughter gets on board your train.'

"He pleaded with her some more and finally declared that he would be compelled to use force.

"'Just you dare!' she cried. 'I'll sue you for damages if you do.'

"This opened a new complication, and we reasoned with ourselves whether we had better remove her by force. Just as we had determined upon a course of policy her daughter came up and seeing the old woman on the track kissed her goodby and got on the train, while her mother called to her:

"'Go ahead, Mary Ann. You have plenty of time, though, for I will sit on the track until you get on board.'

"And then, when Mary Ann was safely on board and we were about ready to run over the old woman, if necessary, she calmly and slowly got up and waved me a goodby, calling as we pulled out of the station:

"'I hope I've teached you fellers a grain of perliteness.'"—Chicago Times Herald.

HISTORIC SLAVE AUCTION.

The Sale of Pinky Said to Have Inspired the Emancipation Proclamation.

In The Ladies' Home Journal Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher writes of "When Mr. Beecher Sold Slaves In Plymouth Pulpit." Recalling the historic sale of Pinky, Mrs Beecher gives these details: "An old colored woman had written to Mr. G. Faulkner Blake, the brother of one of our church members, that her little grandchild, named Pinky, was too fair and beautiful for her own good, and was about to be sold 'down south,' and Mr. Blake asked if she could be freed. 'Not unless you bring her north,' replied Mr. Beecher. 'I will be responsible for her, and she shall be lawfully purchased or sent back.' The answer was a compliment, to which Mr. Beecher laughingly referred as the only tribute ever paid to him by a slave owner. 'If Henry Ward Beecher has given his word,' wrote the dealer, 'it is better than a bond.'

"So Pinky was brought to Plymouth church and placed upon the pulpit, as Sarah, another slave, previously had been. The scene was again one of intense enthusiasm. Rain never fell faster than the tears of the congregation. The pretty child, the daughter of a white father, was bought and overbought. Rose Terry—afterward Mrs. Rose Terry Cooke, the famous authoress—threw a valuable ring into the basket, and Mr. Beecher picked it out and put it upon Pinky's finger, saying, 'Remember—with this ring I do wed thee to freedom.' * * * President Lincoln took a lively interest in the case of Pinky, the details of which were related to him by Chief Justice Chase and by Mr. Beecher. I was not in Washington with my husband at the time, and therefore cannot verify the story that the sale of Pinky inspired President Lincoln to issue the almost divine proclamation of emancipation."

Two Yorkshire Stories.

The sturdiness of the north and its rather grim self will are admirably illustrated by two Yorkshire anecdotes. A landlord of very old family proposed to make an alteration in one of his tenant's farm buildings, which the tenant declined to permit, whereupon the landlord remarked very mildly that, after all, the building was his own. Thereupon the tenant rejoined, "Nay, my forefather went to the crusades with your forefather, and you shan't touch a stone of it."

Again, a daughter of one of the leading citizens of a Yorkshire town hinted to her father's gardener that the family would like to appropriate the greenhouse to the purposes of a vinery, whereupon she was told to let her father know "he may just choose betwixt me and the grapes." Of course the proposal was abandoned.

A Wonderful Island of Chalk.

The English island of Thanet, forming a part of the county of Kent, is almost wholly composed of chalk. The island is 10 miles in length and about 5 in breadth and has more chalk exposed on its surface than has any other spot of equal area on the globe. British geologists say that there are not less than 42,000,000,000 tons of chalk "in sight" on Thanet, and that it would take 10,000 men and 5,000 horses and carts 20,000 years to move it, providing it were dug up ready to be carted away.—St. Louis Republic.

COUGHS, COLDS, LA GRIPPE and THE GRIP TROUBLES SPEEDILY CURED.

Miss Nellie Pendyer 1546 Pacific St., Omaha, Neb., writes: "Have used your Dr. Kay's Lung Balm for a severe case of La Grippe. Two doses gave relief. My lungs were very sore and in taking Dr Kay's Lung Balm I found that it stopped any desire to cough at once. The soreness in my lungs and in my head also disappeared. It is very pleasant and easy to take and while it does not cause sickness at the stomach, like many coughs remedies, it cures quicker than any I have ever tried.

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm.

It Cures Every Kind of Cough. Sold by druggists or sent by mail for 25c. It is perfectly safe for all ages and a sure cure for all lung troubles. Send address for booklet it has many valuable receipts and gives symptoms and treatment for nearly all diseases and many have said they would not take $5.00 for it if they could not get another. Address (Western office) DR. B. J. KAY MEDICAL CO., Omaha, Neb.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS

THE HARLEY PHARMACY, LIMA, OHIO.

THE DAY OF RECKONING.

Fortified by Unexpected Information About Her Husband's First Wife.

A little woman wearing a last year's wrap got on a Wells street car the other morning, and as she paid her fare she recognized the woman sitting next her.

"I haven't seen you for an age," she said.

"That's so," replied the other woman, "and it isn't my fault either. I was at your house last."

"So you were. Well, the truth is, I'm kept at home pretty close now."

"The children, I guess. That's what comes of marrying a widower."

"Oh, it isn't that. They're as good as gold, and they're in school most of the time too. No, it's my husband. He is so particular about the way the house is kept. Why, a speck of dust on a table or chair almost gives him a fit, and as for his food—well, it's about impossible to please him."

"You don't say. Got dyspepsia, I guess. His first wife"—

"Oh, no; he's just particular. I wouldn't so much mind, but he's always talking about the way his first wife kept house. Seems to me some times I wish she hadn't been such a good cook. It ain't wrong, I hope."

"His first wife was such a good cook!"

"Yes, that's what he always says when anything goes wrong. I'm on my way to the South Side now to see my aunt. She always makes such good pumpkin pies, and I want her to tell me just how she does it. John nearly had a fit over the last ones I made, and yet most folks think my pies are good. But John says his wife's first pies"—

"Look here, Almira Johnson, did you ever know John's first wife?"

"No; I never saw her that I know of. She must have been a first rate housekeeper, judging by the way he talks. Sometimes I wonder how he ever came to marry me after"—

"Oh, you didn't know her! Well, I did; lived next door to 'em on Webster avenue for two years, and if that woman ever made a pie—yes, or a bed, either, until it was time to get into it—I'm mistaken. And the way she did treat him! Why, he was afraid to call his soul his own!"

The meek looking little woman gasped. "You don't mean to say that—that she wasn't a good housekeeper?"

"Not if I know what a good housekeeper is!"

"And she didn't make first class pies?"

"Didn't make any at all. Bought 'em at the baker's! What you going to do?"

"Do? I'm going to get out and go home, that's what I'm going to do. I guess after what I know now I can make John's pies without any teaching from my aunt."

"Well, I should think so," said the other woman, "and," she added, "you might just mention while he's eating them that I've been telling you about old times when we used to live next door on Webster avenue!"—Chicago Tribune.

Frankly Explained.

"I believe I saw you coming out of a rumshop this afternoon," said the Rev. Mr. Wilgus.

"I guess you did," said the parishioner.

"On business, I hope?"

"No. I will be candid with you. I went in to get a drink. You see it was this way. I had a plugged quarter passed on me."

"Yes."

"And there are only two places a man can get rid of a plugged quarter—a church and a saloon. And of course I didn't want to pass it on the contribution box."

"Ah!"—Indianapolis Journal.

A Result of Matrimony.

"Do you mean to say, Chumley, that you spend less money since you were married than you did before?"

"That's what it amounts to. I have much less to spend."—Detroit Free Press.

Blood is Life.

It is the medium which carries to every nerve, muscle and fibre its nourishment and strength. If the blood is pure, rich and healthy you will be well; if impure, disease will soon overtake you. Hood's Sarsaparilla has power to keep you in health by making your blood rich and pure.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness.

S. F. Fritz, of 677 Sedgwick street, Chicago, says: "I had a severe cough which settled on my lungs. I tried a number of advertised remedies and also placed myself under treatment of several physicians with no benefit. I was recommended to try Foley's Honey and Tar. With little expectation of getting relief, I purchased a bottle. I had taken but few doses when I felt greatly improved; I was enabled to sleep, spitting of blood ceased, and by the time I had taken the second bottle I was entirely well. It saved my life." H. F. Vorhamp n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No 8862.

Ex. Doc 9.

The First National Bank of Lima, Ohio, Plaintiff,
vs
Alice Showalter, et al.,
Defendants

Page

By virtue of an order of sale, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen County, Ohio on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 30th, A. D. 1897,

Between the hours of one o'clock and five o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements situate on Second Street in the City of Lima, Allen County, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot number thirty seven hundred and thirty-six—3736—in Hughes' Sub-division of lots in Hughes' Second Addition to the City of Lima, in said County and State.

Appraised at $600.00

Terms of sale—Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, December 24th, 1896.

H. L. Brice, plaintiff's attorney.

Assignee's Sale of Real Estate.

In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Allen county, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1897,

at one o'clock p. m. at the east door of the court house in said county and state the following described real estate to wit:

A part of the east half of the northeast quarter of section twenty nine (29), township three (3) south, range seven (7) east described as follows

Beginning at a point marked by a pin in the center of the Findlay road 1330 feet northeasterly direction from a stone in the center line of a lane, a street crossing the center line of the Findlay road; thence north 1821 feet; thence east 1330 feet; thence south 1287 feet; thence along the center of the Clay road south 80 degrees west 534 feet to the point of beginning, containing 42 25-100 acres of land, more or less, all in Allen county, Ohio.

Appraised at $1168.75

Terms of sale—Cash.

JOHN M. BOOSE, Trustee of Peter M. Boose.

Jason G. Lamison, Attorney for John M. Boose. 1 2

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of Martha Roberts, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as executor of the estate of Martha Roberts, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased. Dated this 20th day of January, A. D. 1897.

1-22 3w-s THOS. H. JONES, Executor.

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of Martin A. Krofft, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as Administrator of the estate of Martin A. Krofft, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 31st day of December, A. D. 1896.

1 2 3w* PHILIP A. HAWK, Administrator.

In Probate Court.

The fourth and final account of G. F. Bauman as assignee of Samuel Bloomer insolvent will be for hearing at 10 o'clock a. m., Tuesday, February 9th. 1 2

Dr. Kay's Renovator Guaranteed to cure dyspepsia, constipation, liver and kidney diseases. At druggists 25c and $1. Send for free sample and booklet. Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Omaha, Neb.

WOMANHOOD In order to those suffering would know how to guard against dangerous surgical operations and quack treatment the American Association of Physicians passed a resolution to distribute a little book on female diseases. "Womanhood" explains all diseases and irregularities peculiar to women and gives best methods of home treatment. Sent for stamp to pay postage.

Address, ELEANOR KENDALL, 416 North 25th St., South Omaha, Neb.

The Rosy Freshness

And a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder.

LADY AGENTS. We furnish everything you invest nothing. Work among ladies, pleasant and very profitable. Full Free. C. C. Shimer, Omaha, Neb.

Excursions to Mexico via Pennsylvania Lines, January 19th and February 27th.

Under escort of American Tourist Association, Reau Campbell, General Manager. Sleeping and dining cars and special baggage cars through the tour without change. More miles and days in Mexico more cities and towns than ever offered. Tickets include all expenses, sleeping and dining cars, hotels, etc. For information apply to F. Van Dusen, City Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pennsylvania Lines, Pittsburgh, Pa.

A Remarkable Cure.

Mr. Alexander Moore, a reliable business man, of 1230 S. 13th St., Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I contracted a violent cold which settled all over me. The pain in my chest and side was excruciating. The doctor gave me medicine and blistered my side, but I only grew worse. Then you gave me a bottle of Brazilian Balm. I had little or no faith in it, but decided to try it. I took 3 or 4 good doses before bed time, and rubbed it well over my blistered side. That night I slept like a top—my first good rest for over a week—and awoke in the morning *cured*. Brazilian Balm is simply invaluable."

Yes, 'tis true;
Foley's Honey and Tar
Is the best Cough Medicine.
H. F. Vorhamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Buy Wood

To-Day

To-morrow the gas line may break and cold meals be your portion. As a preventive, ...

. . . . . TO THE CALAMITY

PUT WOOD IN THY CELLAR!

WILL HAVE PLENTY OF IT FOR EVERYBODY.

THE SOUTH LIMA HANDLE WORKS.

Cor. Kibby and Tanner Streets. Telephone 91.

Read

A newspaper that serves the news when you want it. That is what

The Daily Times-Democrat

Does every evening. Subscribe for it

And You Will Get

All the local and general news of the day, concisely and accurately told. We publish

All the News.

Ten cents a week by carrier.

TRIED THEM ALL.

The List Exhausted, a Specific for the Nerves at Last is Found in

Dr. WHEELER'S NERVE VITALIZER

We are apt to condemn all articles because similar ones prove worthless. Persons often reason; I have nervous prostration, St. Vitus' dance, spasms, rheumatism, can't sleep and am in a debilitating condition; have tried best physicians and most widely advertised remedies, but there is no cure for my case. No matter what your past experience may have been Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer will positively cure every case of nervous trouble—no failures. Here is expert evidence of that fact, Mr. J. H. Hutchings, Bancroft, Mich., for 20 years a successful druggist, tried every preparation he could hear of without benefit. Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer cured him. The following are his words, read them:

"I had a spinal trouble for years causing serious nervousness, sleeplessness and headache. Our night watchman can tell you how, many and many a night I have walked the streets for hours, hoping to tire myself to a condition of sleep. During these years I have tried nearly every remedy coming to my notice, with only a stupefying effect like morphine. The use of Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer was an exception, its beneficial effects were prompt and lasting; I secured refreshing sleep, my nerves were strengthened and through them my health was restored. From observation and experience I believe Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer to be the best remedy for all nerve troubles, including general debility." Mr. Hutchings is certainly a competent judge and his testimony is significant.

Sold by C. W. Heister, 58 Public Square.

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of Frank S. Hunton, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Frank S. Hunton, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 22nd day of January, A. D. 1897.

1 23 3 wks JOHN H. HUNTON.

LOCAL TIME CARD

Giving time of departure of trains from the various depots at Lima. Corrected June 22, 1896:

P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.

No. 4—	Going East, Daily		7 45 a m
" 36—	"	"	8 30 a m
" 20—	"	" ex. Sunday	3 15 p m
" 5—	"	"	9 30 p m
" 9—	"	" Limited	10 50 p m
" 39—	Going West,	" ex. Sunday,	9 20 a m
" 9—	"	"	2 50 p m
" 31—	"	"	3 44 p m
" 15—	"	"	9 00 a m
" 5	"	" Limited	3 33 a m

C., H. & D. R.

" 7—	Going South, daily		2 25 a m
" 11—	"	" ex. Sunday	5 45 a m
" 1—	"	" "	9 20 a m
" 5—	"	"	12 42 p m
" 3—	"	"	4 05 p m
" 13—	"	arrive daily ex. Sunday	7 15 p m
" 61—	"	Sunday only	7 15 a m
No. 12—	Going North, daily		1 35 a m
" 14—	"	daily ex. Sunday	6 20 a m
" 2—	"	daily ex. Sunday	8 25 a m
" 6—	"	"	12 25 p m
" 4—	"	" ex Sunday	4 35 p m
" 10—	"	ex. Sun. arrive	8 5 0 p m
" 60—	"	Sunday only	7 45 a m
" 62—	"	" arrive	10 30 p m

L. E. & W. R. R.

No. 6—	Going East, daily ex. Sunday		7 20 a m
" 4—	" " " "	"	1 40 p m
" 3—	" " "	"	7 20 p m
	" "	Sunday only	7 00 a m
		Return	9 30 p m
" 1—	" West	"	9 35 a m
" 5—	" " "	"	4 50 p m
" 3—	" "	"	2 45 a m

C. & E. R. R.

Local—	Going East, daily ex. Sunday		7 50 a m
No. 2—	" " "	"	3 30 p m
" 8—	" "	"	9 02 p m
" 12—	" "	"	2 46 a m
Local—	" West, " "	"	7 00 a m
No. 1—	" " "	"	9 23 a m
" 5—	" " "	"	11 23 a m
" 3—	" " "	"	12 37 p m
" 13	" " "	" Monday	5 30 p m

OHIO SOUTHERN.

Leaves south		Arrives north
No. 3 8 30 a m	Daily, ex. Sunday	No. 2, 11 25 a m
No. 4. 5 05 p m	" "	No. 1. 3 30 p m

LIMA NORTHERN.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2—Express, leaves		11:30 a m
No. 18—Local	"	9 00 a m
No. 20—Mixed	"	8:20 a m
No. 4—Passenger	"	5:10 p m

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1—Express, arrives		2:25 p m
No. 21—Mixed,	"	11:00 a m
No. 19—Local fr't,	"	6 00 p m
No. 3—Passenger	"	8:00 p m

Birthday Party.

Last Thursday evening, Master George Sircoulomb, of 129 east McKibben street, was greatly surprised by 16 of his school mates, it being his 13th birthday anniversary. The young folks were delightfully entertained and supper was served at 9 o'clock, after which the friends left for home, wishing George a long and happy life.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs Phœbe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, northeast corner Main and North streets. Regular size, 50c and $1.

Farmer Wanted,

In every township, 3 days a week during winter, to distribute samples, collect names of sick people and work up trade for their druggists on the three great family remedies: Dr. Kay's Renovator, Dr. Kay's Lung Balm and Kidneykura. Good pay to man or woman. Send for booklet and terms. Dr B. J. Kay Medical Co., Western office, Omaha, Neb.

Water Works Notice.

If you pay your water bill for the first half of 1897 before Feb. 1st, you will save 10 per cent.

tf H. B. HACKEDORN, Sec'y.

A RECEIVER

Asked for by the Creditors of John A. Single

For the Paper Mills at Delphos—Mrs. Single Claims Preferred Liens.

Horace A. Reeves, assignee and trustee in trust for the benefit of the creditors of John Single, insolvent, has entered suit against Emanuel L. Single, Clarence W Scott, Leland & Roby and G G Guss for the appointment of a receiver and equitable relief.

The petition states that, by virtue of an order of the probate court, on June 26th, 1896, he sold to the said defendant, Emma L Single, certain property contained in the paper mills at Delphos. She paid no part of the purchase price of $8,000, but has had full possession of the property. Emma L Single claims to hold a chattel mortgage on the property of more than $10,000 and holds that she could not be compelled to pay the plaintiff the full purchase price, but only an amount sufficient to discharge court costs. On July 29th, 1896, $750 was given in payment of the preferred claims. The plaintiff avers that there were at the time many claims pending which might also be declared preferred liens, which the $750 would not pay. It was agreed that the property, pending the disposal of the claims, should not be moved, and that as Emma L. Single has attempted to remove the property, and, as the interests of the plaintiff have been jeopardized, and will, unless the court takes the action prayed for, be materially injured, the plaintiff prays that the interest of all parties be determined and the amount of the liens be declared, and that the court order that unless the same be paid within a day to be fixed by the court, that the property be sold and the proceeds be paid into the court to abide its further order, and that a receiver be appointed by the court to take charge of the property.

One thing is certain: It will not do to fool with a bad cold. No one can tell what the end will be. Pneumonia, catarrh, chronic bronchitis, if not consumption, invariably result from a neglected cold. It is surprising, too, that bad colds are so often neglected when one remembers how easily and at what little expense they may be cured. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is always prompt and effectual, and costs but a trifle; 25 or 50 cents is a trifle as compared with the disastrous effects of a neglected cold. Mr Abner Mercer, of Dilworthtown, Chester county, Pa., in speaking of this remedy, said: "Sometime ago I had a bad cold and cough. I tried almost everything. Finally Mr. Hunt, the druggist, recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and one 50 cent bottle of it cured me entirely." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner: C. W Heister, 58 public square.

NOT IN THE FARE,

But in the Train Service.

Is where you'll find the difference if you go to the Inauguration over the Pennsylvania Short Lines. Low rate tickets on sale March 1st, 2d and 2d. For details apply to nearest Pennsylvania Line Ticket Agent, or address O. L. Kimball, A. G. P. Agt., Cleveland, O.

B. H. OYLER, Tkt. Agt., Lima, O

A Reflection on Her Age.

"That prim Miss Passay is mad enough to bite me."

"What's the matter?"

"Why, she has just joined the new society that believes that human impressions are mainly derived through the sense of smell."

"Well?"

"Well, I suggested that she was a scentenarian."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Canary islands have a peculiar plant known as the fountain tree, which contains receptacles for the collection of rain. Several gallons of water are often found in one of these natural pitchers.

The mosquitoes found in swamps and damp woods are generally more brilliantly colored than those varieties which frequent human habitations.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price, 50 cents and $1 per bottle at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, northeast corner Main and North streets.

What is called the Spanish needle is the seed of a peculiar species of weed. It easily penetrates and adheres to cloth or wool and is thus transported to a new location.

According to an estimate in a work on building, three plasterers, with one helper, will put on 450 yards of two coat work in a day.

Thousands of the victims of consumption owe their death to the simple neglect of a cold. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles.

The Labor of getting 1095 Meals

confronts some one in every home each year. Whoever the work devolves upon should know about

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

It's a labor-saver—a time-saver. Without the long and tiresome paring, peeling, chopping, picking, seeding and mixing it makes quickly make mince pie, pudding, or fruit cake that will be the delight of her household. Since None Such is sold everywhere there is no more need of making your own mince meat than of making your own yeast.

Try one package—10 cents. Take no substitutes.

Send your address and this ad. to us and we will send you free a book, "Mrs. Rorer's Thanksgiving," by one of the most popular humorous writers of the day.

MERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse, N. Y.

Extracts From the Peking Gazette.

Imperial orders, when printed in the Peking Gazette, are peremptory; there is no ambiguity about them. An article in Longman's Magazine presents certain extracts from the Peking Gazette, and one shows how rife is superstition in China:

The governor X reports a number of incompetents; the prefect A. is an opium sot and too fond of actors; the magistrate B. is a fellow of low and mercenary spirit. Let each be reduced one grade. The prefect C. is no fool, but he is getting old and feeble. Let him retire on his present rank. The magistrate D. is simply an idiot. Let him take charge of the local education department instead. The viceroy of Hukong reports the descent to the earth from the clouds of a green lizard and the consequent sudden stoppage of the floods in nine districts. We are infinitely touched by this gracious evidence of the gods' intervention. The academy has been ordered to compose a suitable aphorism for engraving on a gorgeous tablet. The viceroy will proceed in full uniform, followed by the whole official body, to hang this tablet in the Moth's Eyebrows hall in order to prove to the local deity that we are not indisposed to requite his services. When the eclipse of the moon takes place tomorrow, let the proper authorities set up the usual howls and save the moon in due legal form.

From Sire to Son.

As a family medicine Bacon's Celery King for the Nerves passes from sire to son as a legacy. If you have Kidney, Liver or Blood disorder get a free sample package of this remedy. If you have Indigestion, Constipation, Headache, Rheumatism, etc., this specific will cure you. Wm. M. Melville, the leading druggist, is distributing samples free. Large packages 50c and 25c.

Soap of Pompeii.

Soap has been in use for 3,000 years and is twice mentioned in the Bible. A few years ago a soap boiler's shop was discovered in Pompeii, having been buried beneath the terrible ruin of ashes that fell upon that city 79 A. D. The soap found in the shop had not lost all its efficacy, although it had been buried 1,800 years.—San Francisco News Letter.

Some Comical Bulls.

A very absentminded German professor named Johannes Amer lately died at Vienna, and the following are a few of his remarkable bulls:

"Julius Cæsar, disguised as a slave, swam naked across the Tiber."

"Covered with innumerable wounds, Cæsar fell dead near Pompey's statue. With one hand he covered his face with his toga, with the other he called for help."

A Big Judgment Entered.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—A judgment for $84,000 in favor of the World's Columbian Exposition company was entered in Judge Burke's court against the Ferris Wheel company. The judgment is for the World's Fair company's share of the gate receipts during the exposition.

Miss McKinley Breaks an Arm.

Canton, O., Jan. 23.—Miss Helen McKinley, the president-elect's sister, slipped and fell on the ice on the sidewalk near the McKinley home on West Tuscarawas street. She was on her way to the postoffice. In falling one of the bones in her right wrist was broken.

Cashier Youtzy Assigns.

Cincinnati, Jan. 23.—Thomas B. Youtzey, cashier of the First National Bank of Newport, which closed its doors on Monday last, has made an assignment. This step is taken in consequence of attachments having been issued by creditors.

Voting For Senator Delayed.

Salem, Or., Jan. 23.—The Benson house met and after transacting preliminary business adjourned until Monday, which will undobtedly delay the voting for United States senator until Feb. 9.

An Escaped Prisoner Captured.

New York, Jan. 23.—Michael Eagan, who with Masso, Polycremis and Post escaped from Ludlow street jail on the night of Jan. 14, has been captured.

The Weather.

For Indiana—Generally fair; much colder, with a cold wave in northern portion; brisk northwesterly winds.

For West Virginia—Fair, and a moderate cold wave; winds shifting to northwesterly.

For Ohio—Probably fair; northwesterly winds and a moderate cold wave.

AN AGREEMENT.

The Government Will Realize on the Union Pacific Investments.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The attorney general has entered into an agreement with the reorganization committee of the Union and Kansas Pacific railroads by which the government is to join the committee in foreclosure proceedings. The committee guarantees that at the foreclosure sale it shall receive a bid of at least the original amount of the bond, less payments made by the company to the government, with interest at the rate of 3 1-2 per cent per annum.

The following named gentlemen comprise the reorganization committee: Louis Fitzgerald, chairman; Jacob H. Schiff, Chauncey M. Depew, T. Jefferson Coolidge, W. Marvin Richards and Oliver Ames.

It is understood that the necessary legal proceedings incident to the government's taking part in the foreclosure suits now pending at Omaha on behalf of the first lien holders, will be begun at once and the case pushed to a speedy conclusion.

The outlines of the agreement with the reorganization committee were approved by the attorney general very soon after the failure of the funding bill, only the exact amount of the guarantee remaining in abeyance. Nor was this point decided until Judge Harmon's visit to New York, early in the present week.

The first offer of the syndicate was $45,000,000 even. The attorney general, however, insisted upon an increase of $754,000, which was finally agreed to at the last conference.

This makes the total amount which the government will receive in cash $45,574,000. From this amount, however, the government will redeem at maturity the bonds now outstanding, the last of which does not become due until 1899.

The interest on these bonds until maturity will also be paid by the government. In official circles the agreement is regarded as highly advantageous to the government.

Dr. Conwell Is Shadowed.

Atlanta, Jan. 23.—Dr. Russell H. Conwell, a distinguished Philadelphia divine, who is now on a lecture tour through the south, declares that he is being dogged on his travels by an emissary of the Spanish government. Dr. Conwell left Philadelphia several days ago with the intention of visiting Cuba after completing his tour. Just before his departure he was called upon by a stranger whose actions excited his suspicions. The men asked Dr. Conwell to carry letters and dispatches to various Cuban generals. By his conversation and manner the doctor became convinced that he was an emissary of Spain.

Enormous Wool Sales.

Boston, Jan. 23.—The Boston Commercial Bulletin says of the wool market: All previous records are broken by this week's enormous sales. The last best record week ended July 28, 1894. The large manufacturers of Rhode Island and Massachusetts and in many cases Boston wool dealers were the principal buyers. Purchasing is almost entirely on speculation, many of the buyers having a part of their machinery shut down.

Dual Tragedy In Louisiana.

Shreveport, La., Jan. 23.—A dual tragedy occurred her and one man is dead and the other so badly wounded that he can not recover. Rainey E. Carter and S. M. Murphy had an altercation. Murphy drew a dirk and stabbed Carter three times, mortally wounding him. Carter fired at Murphy, killing him instantly.

France Wants to Arbitrate.

Paris, Jan. 23.—A well authenticated rumor is current here that France desires a general arbitration treaty with the United States. An effort is being made to get an expression from McKinley.

Good People Picked Up.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—The police have under arrest George F. McDonald and Edward Noyes, who some years ago helped swindle the Bank of England out of £1,000,000.

A SOURCE OF SURPRISE

To Physician and Patient Alike.

Dr. Redmond, a specialist in rectal diseases, and treatment of Piles and rectal diseases, recently stated that the Pyramid Pile Cure was the new discovery for the cure of piles that was the most remarkable remedy he had ever seen or tried in one respect; and it was, the instant relief experienced in all cases, no matter how severe, from the moment the remedy was applied; this was the more surprising to him, because he had carefully analyzed the preparation and no trace of opium, cocaine or similar poison could be detected.

Physicians look with great favor upon the Pyramid Pile Cure, because it is rapidly taking the place of surgical operations and because it is so simple, so easily applied and contains no minerals or other poisons so commonly used in pile cures.

Dr. Esterbrook reports that the Pyramid Pile Cure not only cures the various forms of piles, but never fails to give *immediate* relief on the first application, no matter how severe the pain or discomfort may be.

People who have suffered from piles for years are often astonished at the instant relief experienced from the first application. Another important advantage is the fact that anyone can use the remedy without detention from business or interference with daily occupation.

Mr. J. W. Robins, of Sweet Springs, Mo., writes: I consider the Pyramid Pile Cure without an equal; it cured me in less than 30 days. I waited 15 days or more to be sure I was fully cured before writing you; I *am cured* and I shall recommend the Pyramid Pile Cure at every possible opportunity, because it *deserves it*.

Although a comparatively new remedy, its popularity is such that all druggists now sell it; if your druggist hasn't it in stock, he will get it for you if you ask him, as all wholesale druggists have it on sale.

A pamphlet describing the cause and cure of piles sent free by addressing the Pyramid Co., Albion, Mich.

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One copy one year, in advance.....$3.00
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THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in northwestern Ohio, outside the larger cities. It reaches into every portion of Lima and goes into every postoffice in Allen county. THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read by every one in Lima, and its rapidly increasing list attests its superiority over all competitors.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT—The Semi-Weekly edition issued by the TIMES DEMOCRAT COMPANY, is without parallel in point of excellence. It contains 96 columns of choice literary, editorial, news and advertising matter of great interest to everyone in the county. This excellent newspaper is published for the small sum of

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TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUB. CO.
LIMA, Ohio.

Senator Henry M. Teller does not approve of McKinley's choice of Sherman as Secretary of State. In commenting upon the selection of the Ohio sage, Mr. Teller says: "Sherman has absolutely no knowledge of foreign affairs, and he is the most incompetent man the President-elect could have named."

The German Savings Bank, the second largest bank in Iowa, closed its doors yesterday. They had confidence galore, but not money enough to carry on business. Iowa went Republican in November, endorsing McKinley, the gold standard and the "confidence" fakes in general. This is another case of retributive justice.

After more than two months of extensive consultation with party leaders and after weighing many eligible citizens in the scales of personal fitness, statecraft and party politics, President-elect McKinley has chosen the Premier of his Cabinet, United States Senator John Sherman, of Ohio, for the office of Secretary of State. The venerable, but vigorous statesman was in the Cabinet of President Hayes as Secretary of the Treasury, and has been a distinguished Senator since 1861.

The trip of Senator Wolcott to England in the interest of a bimetallic conference has proved a failure, as the gold men hoped and as the silver men feared it would. The London *Chronicle* admits that fact in the following paragraph:

"It is believed that Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, has found little support in London for his idea of a new monetary conference."

London does not need bimetallism. Her bankers and money kings can make more money off the necessities of people arising from a contracted currency. And there is no reason why the Rothschilds and their colleagues in Europe should favor any change in the terms of the bargain and sale under which they helped elect McKinley. They expect to reap the benefits of their investment by the continuation of the single gold standard during the four years of McKinleyism. During the late campaign the Democrats demanded bimetallism, while the Republicans and their British allies demanded the single gold standard. The Republicans were successful, and their British colleagues now propose to hold them to the letter of the contract. The single gold standard will prevail under McKinley, and distress and financial wrecks will continue until the system changes.

Hanna calls McKinley the Moses of America. As Hanna is doing all he can to create a wilderness for the President to grope through, he ought to know what kind of Moses it takes to come out politically alive.

The reason John Sherman is to resign his seat in the Senate and go into McKinley's cabinet, is probably because he fears the next Legislature may be Democratic and he would then be forced to retire. Your uncle John is long headed.

Here is another edition of Hanna "prosperity" in Toledo. The Wheeling & Lake Erie road, which has always been regarded as a splendid piece of railway property, is in the hands of a receiver. The gold standard grind made the prompt meeting of its liabilities an impossibility, and the eastern gold bugs propose to gather it in without delay.

Secretary of the State Kinney has announced his intention of prosecuting all corporations doing business in this state, and organized under the laws of any other state, which have attempted to evade taxation in the past. A law passed in 1894 compels all foreign corporations to file a statement with the Secretary of State, giving details as to the amount of their capital and the business done, and to pay a fee in proportion. This has never been observed by many corporations, and Secretary Kinney will at once proceed against them if they do not settle.

There are ugly charges being made against the management of the Dayton Soldiers' Home. A few weeks ago the Ohio Farmers' Association, at their annual meeting, adopted resolutions condemning the custom of feeding the old veterans oleomargarine instead of butter. The management asked for bids for the supply of butter, and admitted the manufacturers of oleomargarine and butterine—products made from lard and tallow—to compete with the genuine butter makers. In competition of that kind of course the pure butter people were defeated and the contract was awarded to oleomargarine makers. Since that time pure butter has not been furnished. The farmers, in their resolutions, took issue with the managers for their action for two reasons: First, because the veterans should not be compelled to use oleomargarine instead of butter; second, because the admission of such stuff was a discrimination against the great dairy interests of Ohio. And the farmers were right in both premises. The following dispatch from Washington indicates that the leaven is working and that measures will be adopted looking to a better condition of affairs in the Home. The dispatch says:

If Representative Steele, of Indiana, who is a manager of the Soldiers' Home, does not introduce a resolution to investigate the Dayton home, Judge Northway, of Ohio, will ask for an investigation. He is firmly of the opinion that the people should know how the Dayton institution is being run. The judge received several letters from inmates of the home relative to the management. One soldier writes: "There is one good feature about the butterine in the Dayton home, viz: Flies won't light on it, and what flies won't touch I have no use for." Another writes:

"What is said of the oleomargarine, is also true of the meat, both fresh and salted, and the bread for the last month was musty and unfit to eat. When Col. Breckenridge is here on his annual inspection everything looks fine and there is passable rations exposed to his view, but after his departure, the tainted bread and scallawag beef is in use again. It is the same in the hospital. The chickens, roast ducks and beef exposed to the view of the visitors are eaten on the doctors', matrons', lady nurses' and the officers' and stewards' table, but the diet on the main hospital table is a glowing fraud. There had been $54,000 appropriated the past year by special bill for the purpose of extra diet in the hospital. Have it stopped this year if possible. The patients never get the benefit of it, or of the regular appropriation. A general investigation is desired and an entire change in the board of managers."

A good deal of discussion is going on concerning an American system of pensions for labor. It would be far better if a system could be devised whereby labor could earn enough to need no pensions. The idea of making the business of the country a great eleemosynary system is all wrong.

SENATOR WILLIAMS IN CUBA.

Said to Be There as the Personal Agent of McKinley.

Columbus, O., Jan. 23.—It is stated on what is considered good authority that Senator Williams of Stark county has been in Cuba several weeks as an emissary of President-elect McKinley.

Considerable significance is attached to his trip from the supposition that he is getting information as to the status of affairs on the island to be made use of by the new president in determining upon the proper course of the administration toward the Cuban war.

Senator Williams is a business man of considerable prominence in his locality, and his judgment is said to be relied upon by McKinley.

AT THE MERCY OF THE PEOPLE.

Des Moines Banks Are Trying to "Avoid the Rush."

Des Moines, Jan. 23.—The banks have received more than $1,000,000 from outside sources and are all standing together. Each bank has from $100,000 to $300,000 piled on its counters. All agreed to refuse to pay time deposits without 60 days' notice under the law. The savings banks are taking advantage of the state law allowing them to refuse to pay savings deposits except on 60 days' notice.

LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN.

They Finish Their Business and Adjourn Until Next April.

Cleveland, Jan. 23.—The regular session of the union meeting of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen was concluded and many of the delegates left the city.

The joint protective board of the Erie road was in session at the Hawley house. The members of the board stated that not a single grievance was reported on the Erie system.

First Vice Grand Master Hanrahan said that the statement which had been extensively published to the effect that the convention had taken up and discussed the matter of federation between the firemen an dother railway employes' organizations was erroneous.

The next district meeting will be held at Oil City, Pa., in April next.

Banquet at Night.

Cinicinnati, Jan. 23.—The whisky brokers' convention adjourned after making some progress, but not quite completing the plan of arranging for the publication of an official price list prepared by a disinterested salaried official. The next meeting will be called by the parties in interest. A handsome banquet at night closed the meeting.

Gage Will Accept.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—Lyman J. Gage, president of the First National bank of Chicago, will accept the treasury portfolio in Major McKinley's cabinet if it is tendered to him. Mr. Gage as much as intimated this to a friend indicating that he would consider it the crowning honor of a successful life.

The Last Entries.

Cincinnati, Jan. 23.—The mail brought the Oakley Jockey club its last entries, aggregating 1,400 in 17 stakes. There are but one three-year-old and three three-years-and-upward stakes. In the derby will be Dr. Catlett, F. F. V., Meadowthorp, Tie Maker, Doncharencio, Simon W., Serrano, Dare II, Fleischman and Haphazzard.

Democrat For the Treasury.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—It can be stated positively that the name of Lyman J. Gage, president of the First National bank of Chicago, is being considered by President-elect McKinley for secretary of the treasury. Mr. Gage was a gold Democrat and supported Mr. McKinley. He is understood not to have yet made an answer.

To Restrict Immigration.

Worcester, Mass., Jan. 23.—The Bricklayers' and Masons' International union discussed the need of restricting immigration, and it was voted that every union in the country should petition its representative in congress to secure more representative laws.

Some Depositors Were Warned.

Logan, O., Jan. 23.—The testimony in the trial of Banker Culver shows that some depositors were given warning of the failure of the People's bank. Judge Bright explained how Culver gave him a leather bag containing $10,000, which he took to Columbus.

Full of Frozen Snow.

Aberdeen, S. D., Jan. 23.—This end of the division of the Milwaukee road is again blockaded, with little prospect that it will be cleared for 24 hours. The mercury sank rapidly during the night and the cuts were nearly full of solidly frozen snow.

Hunting For Train Robbers.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 23.—A man who gave his name as Calhoun was arrested by one of the numerous posses that are searching the mountains of Fayette county for the robbers who held up a Southern railway train near Perry, Ala. A companion of Calhoun made his escape.

Refuse to Divulge.

Cincinnati, Jan. 23.—The Western Association of Paper Box Manufacturers adjourned to their annual meeting in Chicago next June. They refuse to promulgate the results of this meeting.

His Mother Is Ill.

Washington, Jan. 23.—Secretary Francis left for St Louis, being called away by the illness of his mother.

The statement of Mr. Edward W. Bok of The Ladies' Home Journal that publication boards and societies pay about $80 per book to Sunday school book writers is not surprising. In some cases we four the price is too high.

PROFIT NOT IN IT!

We Will Do Business for Thirty Days

For Nothing and Pay Our Own Expenses.

WE HAVE

No Bankrupt Sale,
No Fire or Smoke Sale;
No Moving Sale.
No 1-4 Off Sale.
No Chestnut Sale of Any Kind!

The pure, simple, cold facts are, that we have taken stock and concluded to dispense with some lines that we are carrying, or rather replace them with a different line.

One of these in gents' fine goods is the well known line of Lilly, Brackett & Co. manufacture. They consist of Vicis, Enamel, Cordovan and Calf. We will part with these goods for less than cost.

In ladies' goods we have a line of Eddy & Webster's manufacture, of Rochester, N. Y., on which we will give you a sweeping reduction.

We have an accumulation of small sizes, 2½, 3 and 3½, that will go at half their cost value.

We will give you a big discount on any shoe in the house, but we desire most to clear our stock of odd sizes and single pairs and here is where the knife will be plunged the deepest.

All of our warm lined goods at cost and less than cost.

Remember that our profits for the next 30 days are as an empty bubble and we must insist that these goods at these prices cannot go on paper.

Remember that the sledge hammer falls like a towering avalanche in all departments of our store. We except nothing but rubber goods. They are now at prices that is just like trading dollars.

Remember that what the magnet is to steel, our prices are to our goods.

Men's Boots, Men's Shoes, Ladies' Shoes, Boys', Misses' and Children's Shoes, Leggings, Overgaiters. Everything in every nook and corner will be pleasingly touched with the pencil in the hands of the mark-down artist.

We have two objects in view: First—To prepare our stock for spring. Second—CASH, READY CASH.

Do your buying now at

THE WAUGH SHOE STORE,

31 PUBLIC SQUARE.

And you'll have no cause for regrets.

CURIOUS RELIGIONS.

Some Sects the Members of Which Thought They Couldn't Die.

Our congress is prohibited by the constitution from making laws respecting religious views and theories. This being the case, fanatics of all kinds have taken the opportunity to propound their views and make an effort to spread their doctrines. Within the present century not less than a half dozen deluded mortals residing within the limits of the United States have claimed to be Christ returned to earth, and the queer thing in connection with the ministry of such fanatics is the fact that they can persuade persons who are supposed to have a fair amount of brains to believe that they are all they claim to be.

Since 1830 five different sects have been founded in the United States the members of which claimed the ability of either themselves or their founder to live forever. Each of these queer communities has been known by its neighbors as "the immortals," and each has in the course of time come to grief, as all such visionary dreamers must. The last deluded being to found a sect on the theory that he himself, at least, was immortal was David Patterson, who was known to his followers as "the eye of Jehovah." The Patterson sect were known as "the children of Zion." Their headquarters were mainly at Grand Rapids, Mich., although there were upward of a dozen branch organizations in the different states of the Union. Patterson claimed that he would never die, and the great tenet of faith with the children of Zion was belief in the claims which their leader made. In 1888 this self styled "eye of Jehovah" began to grow dim—in other words, to waste away with an incurable disease. Finally he went to France, where he died, just as all other mortals have done or will do. This cured the delusion of the Michiganders at Grand Rapids, who soon awoke to the fact that their leader had either been a crazy fanatic or a blasphemer. Sects founded on claims of immortality are not at all dangerous, as it is only a question of time when the delusion will be effectually dispelled.—St. Louis Republic.

African Blood Brotherhood.

The method of making blood brotherhood among the Galla and Somali has its peculiarities. It is described by William Astor Chanler in "Through Jungle and Desert:"

Lokomagul, on behalf of his people, and I, on behalf of my own, each seized in our right hands a round stone. Upon the stones we liberally expectorated. Each then passed his stone to his following, who did likewise. We then exchanged stones, and each, holding the stone in his right hand, with his left dug a small hole in the soil, meanwhile uttering words of supposed magic import. In these holes we finally placed the stones and covered them with sand. We then grasped hands and assured each other that we were the best friends possible.

Brazilian Balm

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN BALSAM
...CURES...
Coughs, Colds, Croup & Grip
LIKE MAGIC.
RADICALLY CURES
CATARRH

It clears the head of foul mucous; heals sores and ulcers of the head and throat, sweetens the breath, and perfectly restores the senses of the taste, smell and hearing. Stops headache and dropping into the throat. Also destroys the germ which causes

HAY FEVER,

making a perfect cure in a few days. Never fails! No fatal case of LA GRIPPE ever known where Brazilian Balm was faithfully used. It destroys the grippe germ and quickly removes all its after bad effect.

INVALUABLE in ASTHMA, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, TYPHOID and SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, and any disease where there is Inflammation, Fever or Congestion. Greatest relief in Consumption ever discovered.

Cures a Fresh Cold in one day. Stops EARACHE in 2 minutes. Stops ringing in the head and relieves deafness. As an injection invaluable in female troubles. For outward use heals Cuts, Sores and Burns like magic. Prevents lock-jaw from wounds. QUICK CURE FOR CONSTIPATION AND PILES.

Its Healing Power is Almost Miraculous. The Best Family Medicine in Existence

50 Cent Bottle contains 100 Doses, or Two Weeks Treatment for Catarrh.

$1.00 BOTTLE EQUALS THREE 50c. BOTTLES.

HOME TESTIMONIALS:

"Brazilian Balm cured me of inveterate catarrh which I had for over 20 years. It is the most wonderful triumph of medical science."—*Gen. J. Parke Postles.* "For croup, cold and the worst form of grippe we have found Brazilian Balm invaluable."—*Jno. W. S. Boothe, D. D., Pastor Del. Ave. Bap. Ch.* "Mrs. Lore has used Brazilian Balm and thinks it did her much good."—*Hon. Chas. B. Lore, Chief Just. of Del.* "One bottle of Brazilian Balm cured a friend of mine of hay fever."—*T. M. Culbert.* "I was very deaf for 10 years from catarrh. Brazilian Balm applied warm in my ears every day soon restored my hearing."—*Mrs. John Scotten, Chester, Pa.* "It is the best thing for dyspepsia I ever saw tried."—*Judge Edward Wootten.* "I was worn almost to the grave with a racking cough that all the remedies and doctors failed to relieve. It was cured with one bottle of Brazilian Balm. It shall be my doctor through life."—*Mrs. J. Galloway, Pottstown, Pa.* "I was fearfully crippled up with rheumatism, could not get my hand to my head. I took ten cent bottles of Brazilian Balm in six months. Am now entirely cured and as nimble as I was at forty."—*Anson Burrell, aged 84.* A lady in Cincinnati was afflicted with asthma that during the winter for seventeen years she was unable to sleep lying down, was entirely and permanently cured with Brazilian Balm.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

B. F. JACKSON & CO., Indianapolis, I

You Can Always Get

SHOES

To Fit you, and at the very Lowest prices, at

AVERY'S, 135 North Main Street.

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TRADE-MARK

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS 56 Warren St., New York City.

WANTED.

LARGE HALL FOR RENT in the new Wheeler block. 0-6t

FOR SALE—Eight fresh cows and three registered Jersey male calves. Call on T. B. Bowersock, three miles west of Lima. 6 2-4s

WANTED—Man to travel, look after and appoint agents. Good route; salary and expenses; reference; chance to advance; steady position. If satisfactory; addressed envelope for reply. Office No 702 No 356 Dearborn street, Chicago.

AGENTS—Smart mechanics and others. The only practical and perfect working self-feeding drilling attachment for bit braces. Every mechanic in every trade needs it. Some good territory not yet taken. Write quick to secure it. A. L. Smith & CO., 1395 Arch St., Philadelphia.

$18 a week paid to reliable lady or gentleman. Easy and pleasant work; short hours; no experience necessary; permanent position; no capital required. Holiday presents a specialty. Address SHEPP & CO., 1020 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WILL TRY AGAIN

In Putnam County After Failing in Allen County.

Through her attorney, B. J. Brotherton, Mrs. Ethel L. Williams, of Delphos, filed her petition with the clerk of common pleas court of Putnam county, Jan. 19, 1897, charging her husband, Joseph P. Williams, with extreme cruelty and asking that she may be divorced from the said Joseph P. Williams, her maiden name restored and alimony given. The case will be for hearing on the 8th day of March, 1897.

It will be remembered that Mrs. Williams entered suit in the Allen county court some time ago. The case was heard and the request was refused. Now an effort will be made in the courts of Putnam county to obtain the coveted legal separation.

One of the most remarkable cures of rheumatism on record is related by Mr J. M. Thompson, postmaster at Decker's Point, Pa., as follows: "While out driving one day last winter I was caught in a cold rain. The next morning I was unable to move my head or arms, owing to an attack of inflammatory rheumatism. My clerk telephoned for a physician, but suggested that I use Chamberlain's Pain Balm, there being a bottle open on the counter. He rubbed the affected parts thoroughly with Pain Balm and built up a hot fire. I dozed off to sleep and when I awoke about half an hour later the pain had gone entirely, and I have not been troubled since. People come here from many miles around to buy Chamberlain's medicines." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

INAUGURATION EXCURSIONS

Via Pennsylvania Short Line

Tickets on sale March 1st, 2d and 3d. Full particulars furnished upon application to nearest Pennsylvania Line Ticket Agent, or to C. L. Kimball, A. G. P. Agt., Cleveland, O.

B. H. OYLER, Tkt. Agt.,
Lima, O.

The Concert.

The concert to be given Friday night, January 29, by the Ladies' Harmonic Club, will begin at 8:30 o'clock, on account of the church services. The plat will be open at the opera house Wednesday morning. It

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, they are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tone, blood purifier and vermifuge.

To Oil Producers

On and after January 18, 1897, and until further notice, the price of torpedo will be 70 cents per quart, net payable in the month following the month that the work was done.

Respectfully,
OHIO & INDIANA TORPEDO CO.
2-6t

SABBATH SERVICES.

GERMAN REFORMED CHURCH.

Preaching at 10 a. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m. C. E. at 2:30 and 6 p. m. C. FAUM, Pastor.

WEST LIMA MISSION CHURCH,

corner of High and Cole streets. Sunday School at 2 p. m. No service Sunday evening on account of the union meetings. Prayer meeting Friday evening at 7:12

S. P. OVERHOLTZ Pastor.

MAIN ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Sabbath School at 9:30 a. m. Sermon at 10:45. Junior Endeavor at 2:30 p. m. Senior C. E. at 6 and sermon at 7; subject, "Conversion, True and False." Services for the week will be announced on the Sabbath. All strangers and persons without church homes are cordially invited.

W. G. SMITH, Pastor.

EPWORTH M. E. CHURCH,

east Market street. Preaching Sabbath morning and evening, 10 a. m. and 7 p. m. Revival services are being conducted at each meeting. Sunday School, 9 a. m. Special service for children and young people at 2:30 p. m. Epworth League at 6 p. m. Cordial invitation to everybody.

F. A. ZIMMERMAN, Pastor.

CALVARY REFORMED CHURCH,

corner east High and Cemetery streets. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 10:30 a. m.; subject, "Christ, the Great Physician." Bible study at 6 p. m. All are welcome.

J. C. HORNING, Pastor in Charge.

Y. M. C. A.

Supt. C. C. Miller will take charge of the Sunday school teachers' meeting at the Y. M. C. A., to morrow evening at 7:30 o'clock.

CHRIST CHURCH.

North and West streets. Holy Communion at 7:30 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 10 o'clock. Sunday school 11:30 a. m. Evening prayer and sermon at 7 o'clock. Thursday evening service at 7 o'clock. Music at Sunday service by vested choir. Seats free. All welcome.

C. B. CRAWFORD, Rector.

ZION'S EV. LUTHERAN CHURCH,

north Union street. Sunday school at 9 a. m. German and English service at 10:15 a. m. English service at 7 p. m. Morning subject: "Be Not Overcome of Evil, But Overcome Evil With Good." Evening subject: "The Priceless Fruits of Justification." Luther Lodge at 6 p. m. The choir, under direction of Prof. Adams, will furnish music both morning and evening. Everybody welcome.

F. W. ROHLFING Pastor.

MARKET ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Corner west Market and West streets. The pastor Rev. R. J. Thomson, will preach at 10 a. m. Union Evangelistic services at the Congregational church at 7 p. m. This congregation meeting. Sunday school at 11:30. Children's class at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 p. m. Seats free and all worshippers cordially welcomed.

TRINITY M. E. CHURCH,

Rev. W. G. Waters, pastor. Class meeting at 9 a. m. Preaching at 10 a. m. Subject: "What Does It Mean to Be a Christian?" Sunday school at 11:30. Epworth League at 6 p. m. No evening service. The church is invited to unite with the union meeting in the Congregational church.

GENERAL SYNOD LUTHERAN CHURCH

Cor west Spring and Pierce streets. Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Preaching service at 10:30 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 p. m. A cordial welcome to all.

I. J. MILLER, Pastor.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,

Elizabeth street, near southeast corner of west Market street. Preaching by the pastor and reception of members at 10 a. m. Bible School, including Welsh class, in the Teaching of the Apostles (Lesson 4 "The Power of the Holy Spirit") 11:15 a. m. Christian Endeavor Society meets at 6 o'clock. Seats free. Strangers and all without a church home cordially welcomed.

I. J. SWANSON, Pastor.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. North and Main sts., Lima.

Another Good Man Gone Wrong.

He failed to use Foley's Kidney Cure for his kidney complaint. H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

THE FOURTH DAY.

(Continued from Eighth Page.)

First National Bank. Witness was at bank on 20th, 21st and 22nd of September, and learned enough to lead him to return on the 27th to make a more complete examination. Mr. Hughes told him that he had wrongfully charged amounts to other banks. Mr. Hughes brought in the books of the bank on Sept. 27th and checked off the charges that should at that time have been credited back. Witness said there was nothing that he remembered of having asked Mr. Hughes that Mr. Hughes did not tell him on the 27th of September. Witness entered the bank on the morning of the 27th, before the bank had opened for business. Did not go in through chimney but went in through a door; went in without Mr. Hughes' knowledge. When Mr. Hughes came in he said to witness: "Well, I suppose you've caught me?" Witness replied, "It seems so." Asked Mr. Hughes questions in the presence of Mr. Wheeler and Mr. Richie, because Mr. Wheeler was president of the bank and Mr. Richie was one of the stockholders. Witness was asked if all the transactions that he had referred to in his direct testimony were not correctly entered when they originated. Witness replied that the $10,000 draft on the Chase National Bank was not. If the $10,000 had actually been paid in cash it should have been credited to the Chase National Bank. Witness was directed to turn to entry in certificate of deposit register, where the Firestone deposit was marked void, and was asked whether upon that page there were any of the certificates that were entered thereon that were not marked paid. Witness replied that there was only one. He was asked if he had been deceived by the word void and replied that he had not. The court interrupted, stating that he understood that the witness had not seen the page at that time. Witness stated that the insertion of the word void, together with the information he had obtained from Mr. Hughes, was the cause of him being in court now. Witness had found no other entry to show that the Firestone deposit was void; only knew by what Mr. Hughes had told him when he showed him the book.

Court adjourned at 5:30 o'clock.

SATURDAY'S SESSION.

Cross examination of Mr. Betts resumed this morning. Witness said Hughes informed him on September 22, 1894, that all liabilities, assets and resources of bank were exhibited in report, but on the morning of the 27th gave witness a paper showing false entries that had been made in books and in report to Washington. Report approximately harmonized with the books so far as it went. There was no report of overdrafts reported, but witness afterward found overdrafts on date of a report to an aggregate of $3,076.13. Did not know whether bank had kept draft account. Witness did not rely entirely upon Hughes' statements concerning entries, but went over the books with Hughes and hunted out charges that should have been credits. Witness said there was no charge to county treasurer's account for the ten thousand dollar Monroe draft, and no credit was given treasurer when draft was returned to bank on Sept. 13th. Said even if cash was paid for the draft it should have been entered upon the books.

O. H. TUDOR CALLED.

O. H. Tudor, cashier of the Ohio Valley National Bank, Cincinnati, was called. Did business with the First National, of Lima. Witness identified two drafts sent out by First National to Ohio Valley Bank, May, 1894. Drafts were on Atlanta and were returned with protested fees charged. Identified letter sent to First National with protested drafts. Amount due First National from Ohio Valley Bank July 18, 1894, was $867.46; on September 19, $399.29. Account current sheet sent from Ohio Valley bank to First National, June, 1894, showed excessive charge of forty-one hundred dollars by First National against Ohio Valley bank.

S. S. WHEELER TESTIFIES.

S. S. Wheeler was called to the stand. Mr. Wheeler testified that he had been president of the First National since November, 1893. Was present with Mr. Richie in a conversation with Mr. Betts on Sept. 22nd. Betts asked how it came that there was an overloan to the Monroe which had not appeared when he examined bank in May. Mr. Richie or myself answered that we knew nothing about it. We were members of the discount committee and asked Hughes how it was that such a loan had been made when it was not authorized by the discount committee. Hughes said he could not help it, and explained that drafts had been drawn by the Monroe and presented for collection and returned unpaid. Heard Betts ask Hughes: "Have you exhibited all the liabilities and assets, and do books disclose the true condition of the bank?" Hughes replied "Yes." After September 22 Hughes showed witness the drafts. Did not know amounts. Mr. Wheeler still on the stand at 2:30.

Kremis, Mercer County, Pa. We believe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be the best remedy in use. We use it in our own families, and it is a favorite among our customers. HECKER BROS & Co. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

HOME DYEING MADE EASY.

Handsome Colors That Never Fade!

Hard Times Increased the Sale of Diamond Dyes—Black for Cotton, Wool and Silk that Does not Crock. Makes Old Cloaks, Gowns and Suits Look Like New.

"It is really marvelous," said a Main street druggist, "how the hard times have increased the sale of diamond dyes. Ladies buy one package as an experiment and find the dye so easy to use that they color all their old clothing and come out with new gowns, cloaks and suits for the whole family. The diamond dye blacks seem especially popular. I often sell half a dozen packages to one customer."

Diamond dyes are put up for every color with special dyes for cotton and are so simple and easy to use that even a child can dye a perfect color with them, one that will not fade, crock or wash out, equal to the handsomest shade made by the professional dyer.

A PRETTY WEDDING

At Wapakoneta—The Account Given by the Wapakoneta Democrat.

A very pretty home wedding took place at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Godfrey Zeigler, on Blackhoof street, Sunday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, when Miss Kate Zeigler, of this city, and Mr. Charles Ackerman, of Lima, were united in marriage, Rev. G. Schmogrow, of St. Paul's Lutheran church, officiating. The affair was strictly private, none but the immediate relatives of the bride, and Miss Edith Hunter, who played the wedding march, being present. After the ceremony an elegant supper was served and the happy couple drove to Lima, where they took a train for Mansfield, Ohio, to spend several days with the parents of the groom. Mr. Ackerman is proprietor of the Elk restaurant at Lima, and Miss Zeigler was one of the best known and respected young ladies of this place. She has many friends here who wish her happiness.

Nature's Windows.

Nothing hitherto was ever stranded, cast aside; but all, were it only a withered leaf, works together with all, is borne forward on the bottomless, shoreless flood of action and lives through perpetual metamorphoses. The withered leaf is not dead and lost; there are forces in it and around it, though working in inverse order, else how could it rot? Despise not the rag from which man makes paper or the litter from which the earth makes corn. Rightly viewed, no meanest object is insignificant; all objects are as windows, through which the philosophic eye looks into infinitude itself.—Thomas Carlyle.

The World's Future Population.

It is now claimed by some statisticians that the world will be overpeopled at the end of 176 years. This brings us to the year 2072, when the population, at the present rate of increase, will be 5,994,000,000 people.

Car Searchers.

"There is a class of people," says a railroad man, "who are always last to leave the cars—for a purpose. This is especially noticed on suburban trains. They go from one end of the train to the other, looking in seats on both sides of the car. It is impossible for our men to be always on the watch, and presumably there are many losses that can never be reclaimed."—New York Tribune.

WORTH SEEING.

Inauguration of President McKinley

The crowd at Washington will be great, the ceremonies grand. Leading men of all parties will be there. You can enjoy the sights at slight cost by buying an excursion ticket over the Pennsylvania Lines, on sale March 1st, 2d and 3d. For particulars address nearest Pennsylvania Line Ticket Agent, or C. L. Kimball, A. G. P. Agt., Cleveland, O.

B. H. OYLER, Tkt. Agt.,
Lima, O.

The Union Meetings.

Another week of these meetings has passed, and the general verdict is that it has been a profitable one. All the services have been well attended, the audiences have shown a remarkable decorum for such services and have been earnest listeners to the messages of truth. Notwithstanding the blizzard last night the two churches were well filled.

Services for the Sabbath will be a mass meeting for men in the Congregational church at 3 p. m. Some special music is prepared for this service—a male quartet, sixteen male voices and the orchestra of Trinity M. E. church. Preaching at 7 p. m. in the Congregational; United Brethren and Grace M. E. churches. Meetings next week every evening in the Congregational and Grace M. E. churches. One afternoon meeting, at 2:30 Wednesday, in the Congregational church.

A Good Investment.

On receipt of ten cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate its great merit. Full size 50c.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren St., New York City.

I suffered from Catarrh three years; got so bad I could not work; I used two bottles of Ely's Cream Balm and am entirely well; I would not be without it.—A. C. Clarke, 341 Shawmut Ave., Boston.

Heating stoves at half price at Hoover Bros.'

THE CUBAN

NEW SOFT HATS,

Have been on sale at

"MICHAEL'S"

For the past 2 weeks.

MICHAEL.

A BIRTHDAY PRESENT

FREE FOR YOU!

On Washington's Birthday, February 22nd, '97,

$35.00 in Gold.

It costs you nothing, only a little thinking. You have plenty of time for it. For particulars call at our store.

THE COLUMBIA,

Progressive Shoe House, Lima, Ohio.

CHARGING THE HOSTILES.

A Brave Little Fellow Rides Through a Band of Indians.

In St. Nicholas, Gertrude P. Greble has a story of frontier life called "Danny and the Major." Danny was the 7-year-old son of an army captain, and the Major was a favorite horse. One day he was riding him, in company with his friend, a Scotch corporal, when the horses of the post were stampeded, and the corporal was thrown and injured. Danny started to ride for assistance, and this was his experience:

Away to the north a cloud of dust marked the recent passage of the herd. On every other side swept the tableland, empty and placid and smiling. And beyond, to the south, stood the fort and home. Danny took heart, settled himself in the saddle and put the Major into a smart canter, holding the reins firmly and trying to recall the corporal's instructions while he rode, thinking with an ever recurring pang of his friend's condition, happy that the distance to the necessary succor was diminishing so rapidly and totally forgetful of the anxiety which had agitated the veteran before the accident that had separated them.

Suddenly, at the end of some 15 minutes of tranquil riding, as the Major galloped along the edge of the timber which fringed the bluff, there was a loud crackling and crashing in the bushes, and a gayly decorated war pony scrambled through them, his rider grunting in surly surprise, while at the same moment, from the thicket beyond, three other half naked mounted figures appeared and lined up in the path which led to safety.

The child's heart stopped beating. His frontier training told him that all that had gone before, even the tragedy which had darkened the afternoon, was as nothing compared with this new and awful danger. In a paroxysm of terror he tried to stop Major—tried with all his small strength to turn him aside toward the open plain, to check his mad plunge into the very arms of the enemy. But for the first time the horse paid attention neither to the beloved voice nor to the tiny hands pulling so desperately upon the reins.

Whether it was the sight of an old and hated foe, or whether the wise, kind heart of the animal realized the full extent of a peril of which the child was as yet only half aware, it would be hard to say. But little Dan found himself going faster than he had thought possible—and faster—and faster—till the tawny, sunburned plain, and the pitiless, smiling sky, and the nearer, greener foliage of the willows and even the outlines of the dreaded savages themselves became as so many parts of a great rushing, whirling whole, and all his strength was absorbed in the effort to retain his seat upon the bounding horse.

And so, like some vision from their own weird legends, straight down upon the astonished Indians swept the great bronze beast with its golden haired burden. Down upon them and through them and away till by the time they had recovered from their amazement there was a good 50 yards between them and their flying prey. And that distance, hard as they might ride, was not easily to be overcome.

After that first wild rush the Major settled into a steadier pace—a smooth, even run, so easy to sit that the lad relaxed his clutch upon the animal's mane and turned his eyes to the horizon, where gathering swarms of savages showed like clusters of ants against the slope of the hillside. In his track, with shrill, singing cries, like hounds upon a trail, came his pursuers. And far to the south there was a puff of white smoke from the walls of the fort, and a moment later the first heavy, echoing boom of the alarm gun thundered across the plains.

Irresponsibility.

Occasionally one comes across persons who are to all intents and purposes utterly irresponsible. No matter what their acts, they have a plausible excuse, and when excuses are exhausted they dismiss the whole affair with a little flutter or a wave of the hand and declare that "really they don't know anything about it, or that they have done all they can, and that's all there is to it." Personal responsibility and the habits of accuracy, reliability, truthfulness and well bred frankness are among the most important items in the education of a child—above all, a feeling of accountability and the disposition to accept whatever belongs to one's share of the responsibilities of life.—New York Ledger.

With Closed Doors.

She—I'm learning a lovely skirt dance; but, of course, I don't let any one see me. I practice in a room all by myself.

He—Ah, I see. You follow the Australian ballet system.—Detroit Free Press.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WILD With Eczema

I was a sufferer for eight years from Eczema, for five years entirely crippled. The joints of my fingers were covered and badly inflamed, little white blisters appeared, then would peel off, leaving a red, raw, scaly surface, which would crack and bleed. On the back of the upper part of my hands, great red pimples would appear, which would so itch and burn like a mad dog, the burning and itching would begin. Night after night I would be awake and scratch, and almost go wild. I got a box of CUTICURA and a bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, and after a few applications I felt the relief and the inflamed and diseased parts commenced to heal. And need only half the quantity of the medicine to keep me free from the disease. I can truthfully say that $2 worth of CUTICURA REMEDIES cured me.

JOHN D. FORTE, Pittsburg, Pa.

HUMOR CURE THE FIRST.—When the blood is in a healthy condition, humors of every kind will speedily yield to the action of CUTICURA REMEDIES, the great skin cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite skin purifier and beautifier, externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, internally, when all else fails to afford relief, even in the severest form of humor, CUTICURA REMEDIES will afford immediate relief and complete cure.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.

"How to Prevent Skin Diseases," mailed free.

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON RY.

CH&D

CINCINNATI

INDIANAPOLIS CHICAGO DAYTON TOLEDO DETROIT

Excursions via C., H. & D. R. R. Co.

Excursion Rates to Washington, D. C.

On account of the Presidential inauguration at Washington, D. C., March 4th, agents of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway will sell tickets to Washington City and return at one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold good going March 1st, 2nd and 3rd; good to return leaving Washington until March 8th inclusive.

In Palace Sleeping Cars From Lake Michigan to the Potomac.

A new line of Pullman Sleepers between Chicago, Washington, D. C., and Baltimore via the "Queen City."

Commencing January 24th, the C., H. & D. Ry. and Monon Route, in connection with the B. & O. and B. & O. S. W. railways will operate a line of Pullman sleepers between Chicago and Baltimore, via Cincinnati and Washington City. The schedule will be as follows:

Leave Chicago	2:45 a m
" Indianapolis	7:55 a m
" Cincinnati	12:05 m
Arrive Washington	6:47 a m
" Baltimore	7:53 a m
Returning, the sleeper will	
Leave Baltimore	11:00 a m
" Washington, D. C.	12:10 m
" Cincinnati	3:30 a m
" Indianapolis	7:00 a m
Arrive Chicago	12:00 m

The sleepers are of the latest Pullman pattern, equal to any running on any line.

Keep These Dates in Your Mind.

December 22, January 5 19, February 3 16, April 6 20 May 4 18—On these dates agents of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway will sell settlers' tickets to points in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Florida, Mississippi, Virginia and Louisiana, one way, at special low rates. Persons intending to go south this winter or spring will do well to call on any agent of the C., H. & D. Ry., who will not only furnish them with information as to the rates but will also obtain literature descriptive of the portion of the country to which they are looking. Agents will cheerfully assist anyone in obtaining information who will ask for it.

Sunday, December 20th the C., H. & D. and Wabash inaugurated a line of Pullman and Wagner reclining chair cars and sleeping cars between Cincinnati and Hannibal, Mo. This line will be made up of the C., H. & D. R'y to Indianapolis, I., D. & W. R'y to Decatur and the Wabash Decatur to Hannibal. The equipment is new, having been built especially for this line. The name of the Pullman car is "Selena," the Wagner being named "Baltimore." These cars will leave Incinnati every evening at 7:15 arriving Indianapolis, 10:40 p.m., Decatur 4:05 a. m., Springfield, 7:05 a. m., Jacksonville, 8:25 a. m., and Hannibal, 11:40 a. m. Returning the car will leave Hannibal, 4 30 p. m., Jacksonville, 7.25 p. m., Springfield, 8:40 p. m., Decatur, 10:20 p. m., Indianapolis 3:30 a. m., arrive Cincinnati, 7.30 a. m. These cars are models of beauty and contain every device for the safety and convenience of the traveling public being furnished with a large and commodious smoking room and toilet rooms upholstered in brown frieze plush, with draperies to match. The cars are mounted on six-wheel standard trucks, gas lighted and steam heated. The Pullman and Wagner cars will alternate in the run.

Homeseekers' Excursion.

to almost all States via the C., H. & D. Ry. On Nov 3d, 16th, 17th and 30th, Dec 1st, 14th and 15th, Jan 4th, 5th, 18th and 19th, Feb 1st, 2nd, 15th and 16th, to points west of the Mississippi River; and Nov 3d 16th, 17th and 30th, Dec 1st, 14th and 15th Jan 4th, 5th, 18th and 19th, Feb 1st 2nd, 15th and 16th, south of the Ohio River, at one fare for the round trip, plus $2 00.

Settlers' One Way to the South

On the first and third Tuesday each month a very low rate via C., H. & D. Ry.

Hunters' Rates.

The C., H. & D. Ry will sell hunters' tickets at very low rates to the North and West.

Niagara Falls and return and to all other Eastern resorts at very low rates.

Sunday rate on the C., H. & D. R. R. will be one fare for the round trip to all points.

H. J. McGUIRE, Ticket Agent.

"Horses With Wheels."

"It was in the early days of railroading in the south," remarked the gentleman with the stock of reminiscences the other day. "I was located in Florida about the time when the government had made vassals of the Seminole Indians of that state, and in order to impress the redoubtable Billy Bowlegs, the Tecumseh of the Seminoles, it had invited that 'heap big chieftain' to make a trip to the seat of the national government. Billy was a bit dubious about accepting the invitation, fearing possibly that the great father at Washington might have designs upon his life or happiness, but he was prevailed upon to make the trip, and he embarked on board of the train with a great show of courage. The trains of that period were not the fliers of today—in fact, on many of the short lines the engineers were compelled to get out of their cabs and walk to lighten the train and permit it to proceed at an even rate of speed. When Billy Bowlegs returned from his visit, he had overcome his trepidation and looked with scorn upon the locomotives. I visited Billy a day or two after his return and asked him how he liked traveling on the iron horse.

"'Huh,' he said, with an upward twist of his prominent proboscis, 'horse wid wheels no good! Big heap no good! Me on horse better than two. Run way all time. White man heap smart. Injun heap better. Huh!'"—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Others have found health, vigor and vitality in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it surely has power to help you also. Why not try it.

STUDENTS' FRIEND.

A DEALER IN COLORS IN THE LATIN QUARTER OF PARIS.

Many Artists Who Have "Arrived" Owe Much to M. Foinet's Love of Art and Benevolence—The Popular Suppers Given in His Little Shop.

If an art student of the Latin Quarter knows not M. Foinet, that student is but a humble creature, pitifully new to the republic of painters. And who is Foinet? He has a little shop in an ancient winding street of the old quarter, the Rue Notre Dame de Champs, and there keeps colors for the accommodation of impecunious painters. It is a little shop truly, with a bandbox of a salle à manger just behind, the minute salon and living rooms above, but many a celebrity laid the foundation for his fame in the pigments cheerily furnished by Foinet. Now 63, good nature and the wholesome reflection of his benevolence from the fancies of a thousand friends have kept this marchand de couleurs to the appearance of 40. His youthfulness remarked, "Ah," he says, with a twinkle of his kindly blue eyes, "it keeps one in good color to deal in good colors!" As he deals only in the best of colors, "those fit for the making of masterpieces," it is quite in keeping that he should have the rosy freshness that reddish hair and mustache complement, and which seem to belong only to the glow of vigor still in flower.

"Having had twoscore years of experience in the trade that is so closely akin to art, Foinet has more the character of an artist than of a tradesman, and a glance around the walls of his costly establishment betrays who are his friends among those who have "arrived." Here are pieces by Dataille, by Bonnat, by Jean Paul Laurens, by Carolus-Duran, by Cazin, by Geri Melchers, by Chretien, by Paul Steck, by Yongind (whose little pieces have sold for as much as 3,000 and 4,000 francs each since his death), the original of Fragonard's "La Balancoire," evidences enough of Foinet's intimate relations with artists who, famous afterward, have been indebted to the man of colors for many a sustaining kindness.

A veritable patron, Mæcenas of points, it is necessary that Foinet be well to do, and well to do he is, and with the means to gratify his benevolence he has also the taste to minister comfort to the refined appetite. Foinet's little suppers in the shop are as celebrated as Foinet himself, and to be bidden to one of them is a mark of distinction—an honor the ambitious youth covets, a courtesy the most successful esteems. The suppers are served in the shop, and wines of choice vintage, served in bottles crusted with cellar mold, are so liberally dispensed that sobriety at the end of the evening is accounted an insult to the host. Bacchus is the presiding deity ever, and when his votaries revolve into the salon where coffee is poured it is not permitted that one of them be able perfectly to declare how many candles are burning. Yet woe to the culprit who has so weak a head that he riots in his cups. Foinet values him and his prospects not a jot. Men who have it in them to "arrive" will not slander good wine by playing the fool under it, is Foinet's opinion.

If a carefully watched young painter suddenly gets well hung or captures somewhere a medal, the color merchant, radiant over the achievement, gives one of these notable suppers in honor of his protege, and the result is much the same as when Beau Brummel made a man by taking his arm for a walk in the Mall. The supper is the confession of faith—Foinet's intimation that he believes the painter has, to all intents and purposes, "arrived," though he says one requires 15 years in which really "to arrive." What a phrase that is! How significant! And what a vast force it has in the French world of art and letters! "He'll arrive." No higher compliment may be spoken by master of pupil. "He has arrived." The crown is on his head. And so Foinet, who has seen so many men "arrive" and knows by a sort of masterly intuition who is likely to "arrive," has that superb patience and that unwavering confidence which are necessary to make either a great genius or a noble creditor.

Let any student with talent only as a grain of mustard seed and with it honest perseverance go to Foinet, and the ruby faced patron will trust him till the light goes out of the moon or floods into the painter's atelier. Indeed, Foinet is as little in love with a sensitive debtor as he is with a too temperate banqueter.

Be it understood that more than one art student in the Quartier Latin would find it impossible to pursue his or her studies were it not for the philanthropic Foinet, who gives them credit month after month for their paints and has the grace of soul not to impose upon them the martyrdom of debt. Paints are expensive, and some students who have barely enough for bread would fare ill for working materials but for this simple hearted and genuine bienfaiteur in the old fashioned street near the Luxembourg. That this frank generosity is not ignobly betrayed may be inferred from the fact of the dealer's comparative opulence. Nevertheless he will shake his head in compassionate sadness as he says: "There are too many students of art who ought to be students of agriculture. They could mow landscapes better than they can paint them. It is sad to see one quite without talent struggling to succeed in an art that has no pity whatever for mediocrity. But"—And that shrug of the shoulders which is more eloquent and more impressive than a monologue.—Chicago Times-Herald.

All In Unison.

Marble Dealer—Shall I put on the tombstone, "We Mourn Our Loss?"

Chorus of Heirs (left out of the will)—Yes and spell "loss" with poster sheet letters.—Buffalo Times.

THE COMMON HEN.

A Woman Tells Farmers and Their Wives How to Improve Stock.

At the Minnesota farmers' institute recently Mrs Ida Tilson told farmers and their wives how the common hen may be improved. She said:

"The common hens are of all the shapes and colors that fowls ever grow, and they are usually neglected, abused, half starved and left to shift for themselves generally; but for all that they generally pay their own way and more, too—live and thrive and bring up a big family of healthy chicks under the most discouraging circumstances.

"Take the same pains with them as you would with a stock of thoroughbreds and they will respond quickly and generously. There is something—a good deal—in blood and there is an immense deal in care and food. If you have not the cash with which to buy pure breed cocks to mate the hens with to begin with, don't think that you can do nothing to improve the common fowls.

"Common fowls can be greatly improved in point of size by always selecting the largest and best to 'keep over' to breed from, and the laying qualities can be improved by sitting only eggs from hens that are known to be the best layers. On some farms where this course has been followed year after year the fowls have greatly increased in size and rival the Leghorns and Hamburgs in egg production.

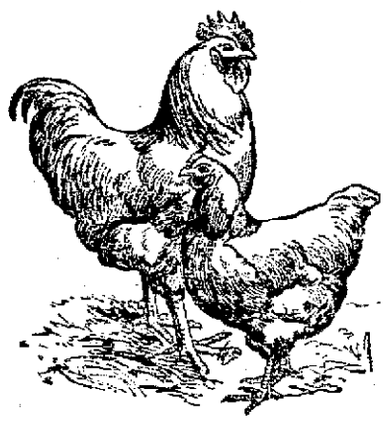
"In one case which came under my observation, in five years from the time when the improving process commenced, the average egg product from the hens had increased one-third and the average weight in the same proportion. In that time no 'fresh' blood had been introduced into the flock. The improvement was wholly due to food, care and selection of the best each year. Of course the same results could be reached in two years with thoroughbred roosters, but the woman who had these hens didn't have the thoroughbred roosters nor the money to buy them, yet she went ahead and did the best she could with the fowls she had, and her best was very good indeed. It is a fact that the third winter after her work of improvement commenced her hens laid more eggs than any other flock in the neighborhood, and there were some thoroughbred flocks among her neighbors.

"If size be your object, select your largest common hens and mate them with a rooster of some of the larger breeds; if you desire a better egg production, select the hens you know to be the best layers, and for any other special purpose select males that possess the qualities which you desire. Chickens from these crosses will be 'half blood' and much superior to common fowls. The next year mate the half breed pullets to pure cocks and keep the best of the pullets from this cross for breeding stock the third year.

"In this way always keep your best hens and pullets each year, and by using only thoroughbred cocks you will in a few years have a flock of fowls that for all practical purposes will be just as good as though you had started out with thoroughbreds."

Buff Plymouth Rocks.

The Buff Plymouth Rocks have solid, practical merits as well as an attractive shape and color; hence it is not to be wondered at that they are popular. The preference of the public today is for either white or buff colored, yellow legged and yellow skinned varieties that are good layers and present a handsome, attractive appearance when dressed for market, and those qualities are combin-



ed in our subject in a pre-eminent degree; add to which the fact that their size is about right to give a fowl or chicken dressing eight or ten pounds to the pair and their present popularity will be lasting. The Buff Rocks are popular, for their solid merits and extremely attractive appearance please the public. They stepped at once into the front rank, both in this country and in England. A writer in Feathered World says of them:

"Through heat and through cold we have received an excellent return of good sized rich brown eggs, and this when running in the open fields in both exposed and sheltered positions, and also when tested for some months in a small graveled pen. The Americans say the Buff Rock lays like the Leghorn, and we have proved that this is not vain boasting. As chickens they grow rapidly and feather unusually early and mature sooner than the original Rocks."

Do Not Market Lean Fowls.

It does not cost over 5 cents even with the heaviest feeding to produce a pound of poultry. A poor hen weighing six pounds can be gotten to the weight of eight pounds in from 10 to 20 days—seldom more than two weeks—and if the market price is 12 cents per pound she will bring 14 cents owing to her superior quality, but allowing 12½ cents per pound she will bring $1. We allude to the choicest fat fowls. The poor hen weighing six pounds will not sell for more than 10 cents per pound. Thus it will be seen that by expending 10 cents for food and making a hen very fat, not only is the expenditure for the food returned, but the profit is also much larger. In fact, by increasing the weight and improving the quality the value of the hen is nearly doubled in two weeks.

FRUIT AND FLOWERS

THE YELLOW RAMBLER.

A Promising Yellow Rose of Climbing Habit and Hardiness.

The new rose, Aglaia, marks an important epoch in the history of rose

AGLAIA, OR YELLOW RAMBLER.

growing, with its yellow coloring, climbing habits and claims of hardiness. Peter Lambert, the German rosarian, is the originator. This new rose—Aglaia, or Yellow Rambler—is reported to have withstood unprotected and without injury a continued temperature of from zero to 2 degrees below, and, although it has not yet been fully enough tested to know positively about its capability for undergoing still lower temperatures, yet there is no reason to think that it will not also withstand a much greater degree of cold. In any event, it is believed that with very little protection in winter the yellow climber will do well anywhere that other roses succeed.

In producing the Yellow Rambler Mr. Lambert selected for "the mother" the Japanese Polyantha sarmentosa, a wild rose native to Japan and a vigorous, hardy climber. Flowers of this Polyantha sarmentosa were then fertilized with pollen of a yellow rose called Reve d'Or, which, on account of its having somewhat greater hardiness than most yellow roses, was a suitable variety for the purpose. The seed resulting from this hybridizing was planted, and the Aglaia, or Yellow Rambler, is the result. It is interesting to note that there is a very strong probability of blood relationship between the Yellow Rambler and the Crimson Rambler. There is considerable similarity in foliage, habit of growth and manner of blooming. The flowers of the Yellow Rambler are borne in trusses, like those of the Crimson Rambler, and are very sweetly fragrant and last a long time without fading.

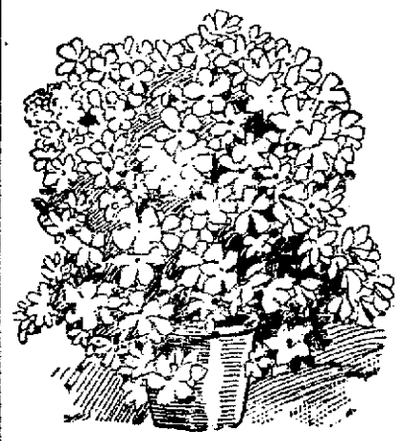
Taking everything into consideration, the Yellow Rambler certainly gives promise of being an important and valuable addition to our list of roses.

Pinching House Plants.

A geranium, if left alone, will grow up loose, straggling and perhaps misshapen. Properly trained, it might grow up into a round, handsome, well balanced plant. The secret of a good shape in a plant lies in "pinching." Pinching a plant means to squeeze or pinch off between thumb and finger the tender, growing tip of a growing stem on the plant. The immediate effect seems to be an injury. The plant appears to stop growing. It is checked for a day or two, but the ultimate result is a great gain to the plant. The single stem becomes a double or quadruple. The plant becomes many branched. Pinching is a fine art. It enables the plant lover to train and guide his plants into fine shapes. It makes stronger and better plants and increases the crop of flowers and fruits, says The American Agriculturist.

White Azalea Indoors.

The white azalea affords a vast amount of pleasure as a house plant, but it has its special requirements. An authority in such matters gives this advice in The Ladies' Home Journal: The



WHITE AZALEA.

room in which the white azalea is kept must never be so dry and warm that the element of vitality is exhausted. Admit fresh air daily, and keep the temperature of the room quite low. Shower the plant well two or three times a week, taking pains to get the moisture where it will do most good—on the underside of the leaves.

Odds and Ends.

It is reported that the plans for the New York botanical garden are complete. The great glass house is to be of an area equal to one-third of the whole glass area at Kew.

A sharp penknife and a small wire is what we use in hunting beach borers.

Lye from wood ashes is an excellent wash for large fruit trees where insects are liable to harbor under the bark.

Beder Wood is an excellent strawberry. Rusty foliage is its only fault.

One each of rosea, candida and of the variegated weigelia and spiræ aurea make a nice group of shrubs for the lawn, says American Gardening.

"A BRIGHT HOME MAKES A MERRY HEART." JOY TRAVELS ALONG WITH

SAPOLIO

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless of the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, $1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

SOLD BY WM. MELVILLE, OLD POSTOFFICE CORNER.

SUFFER FROM "FLAT FEET.

How the Breaking Down of the Arch Is Remedied by a Steel Strip.

Despite the fact that the beauty of a well arched foot is much appreciated by people of an artistic turn of mind, has been sung frequently by poets and verse-makers, there has been until lately little interest, from a scientific point of view, taken in its direct opposite—the flat foot. In a great number of instances flat feet are the occasion of considerable keen suffering, generally resulting from the breaking down of the arch—that is, the displacement of some of the many little bones of the foot either from overstrain or some disease of the muscular structure. As the weight of the body constantly rests upon the foot, there is no opportunity for the bones to get back to their proper places.

The result is that these little bones keep rubbing against each other, and the pain gets more and more severe. Commonly the person afflicted in this way thinks that he or she has rheumatism and lets it go at that. Until recently the only remedy was a steel soled shoe that was clumsy and heavy. The new device is interesting. It is an "insole," curved to fit the foot, made of a bent strip of steel and acting as a spring. It is covered either with leather or with vulcanized rubber to prevent rusting, and, needing no fastening, but simply to be placed in position, it can be changed from one shoe to another at will.

In position it acts simply as a support, literally holding up the bones and giving them an opportunity to slip back into their proper places. While any "insole" of the approximate shape will give relief, the best results are reached only when one is especially made from a cast or impression of the foot. A great proportion of the people troubled with flat feet come from the north of Europe, many of them from the lowlands of Germany. The inhabitants of the south of Europe, strangely enough, are seldom troubled with anything of the sort. Their insteps, especially in the case of women, are nearly always highly arched and finely formed.—New York Tribune.

Practice Makes Perfect.

Mildred—Madge's complexion has improved wonderfully of late.

Marjorie—Yes. She is beginning to understand how to put it on.—New York Ledger.

Loved the Bottle Before He Had Teeth.

At No 82 Warwick Ave., Zanesville, O., lives Mrs B. H. Mills, who relates the following experience: "I have used Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion and find it all that it claims to be. Our little boy cut his teeth so hard that he almost had spasms. Bathing his gums with the Lotion would relieve him immediately. He knew the bottle better than all others and would cry for it. I advise every mother who has teething children to use Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion." At all druggists, 25c.

The Serpent.

The Roman Goddess of Health always bore in her hand a serpent. The serpent was the emblem of Æsculapius, the deity of physicians, and in Roman folklore it is said that during a great pestilence in Rome he appeared in that city in the form of a serpent and staid the plague.

Tommy Had Tried It.

"Tommy, I have told you again and again not to speak when older persons are talking, but wait until they stop."

"I have tried that already, mamma. But they never stop."—Chicago Record.

Have you earache, toothache, sore throat, pains or swellings of any sort? A few applications of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil will bring relief almost instantly.

KEEP HEALTHY

And Use the

KELLY SHOWER BATH RING AND Hot Water Proof Hose.

Prevents Wetting the Head and Floor.

$2 EXPRESS AD. 25c.

Agents wanted in every city who can purchase doz. lots or more. Send for catalogue. Frost Proof Water Closets, Self Acting Water Closets, Kelley Stop and Water Cock

THOS. KELLY & BROS.,

209 Madison Street, Chicago

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MONEY TO LOAN.

Regardless of the hard times and the stringency in the money market everywhere, I am in a position to get all the money needed to supply good applications for loans.

I can get you a loan at less rate of interest and on better terms, than you can get elsewhere. When you want a loan be sure and give me a call and get my terms.

T. K. WILKINS, 240 Opera Block.

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upon improved city and farm property. Loans made promptly. When in need of loan give us a call.

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East Side Public Square. First-class Barber shop. Ladies' and Children's Haircutting done to order. Special room for ladies' hairdressing.

A. LUTZ, Proprietor.

A positive cure for all coughs and la grippe without causing nausea.

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm

Price 25c. Sent by mail by Dr. B. J. Kay, Medical Co., Omaha, Neb. Send for booklet. Sold by Druggists.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail, for 50c and $1 per box. WILLIAMS M'F'G CO., Prop's, Cleveland O. For sale by F. H. Vortkamp, n e corner Main and North streets. tf

A Handsome Complexion

is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. PEBECO'S COMPLEXION POWDER gives it.

Asthma Can Be Cured.

J. R. Niblo, ex-school superintendent of Rochester, Pa., says: "I have been a great sufferer from asthma for years, but I have had a splendid winter, owing to the surprising efficacy of Brazilian Balm." A lady in Cincinnati, who had suffered with asthma for 17 years, could not lie down; was perfectly cured with Brazilian Balm.

Foley's Honey and Tar

Cough Syrup wherever introduced is considered the most pleasant and effective remedy for all throat and lung complaints. It is the only prominent cough medicine that contains no opiates and that can safely be given to children. H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

A NOBLE WORK.

(From the Omaha Christian Advocate.)

There is no one in Omaha or vicinity who has not heard of Mr. N. J. Smith, founder of Rescue Home He has for a number of years, devoted a large share of his time to the work of rescuing the fallen, furnishing aid to those in distress and helping in every way possible those in trouble. He has been in poor health for several years, but all will be pleased to learn that his health is now much better and he is able to take active charge of the mission work, to which he now devotes his entire time.

On January 1st, 1897, he writes as follows: "I have been troubled for several years with a bad cough. I had lung chills and slight haemorrhage of the lungs and was threatened with consumption My mother and two sisters having died with consumption, I expected the same fate; but I tried Dr. Kay's Lung Balm, prepared by Dr. S J. Kay Medical Co., Omaha, Neb., and two 25c boxes have entirely cured me of my cough and soreness of my lungs. That tired, sleepy and drowsy feeling is all gone and my appetite is now good I feel well and full of life. I can work night and day and do not feel tired. Praise the Lord for the help it has given me. I write this hoping if any read it who are similarly afflicted and have been unable to get help from any other source, that they will try this excellent remedy, which I believe to be the best cough medicine of which I have any knowledge." N J. SMITH,

2540 S. 10th St., Omaha, Neb.

HAVE YOU

Kidney Trouble,
Bladder Trouble,
Urinal Trouble,
Catarrh,
Rheumatism,

CURES BACKACHE IN 24 HOURS.

BUY

"SAN-JAK"

From Your Druggist.

Read Dr Snyder's Endorsement on this Wonderful Remedy.

CHICAGO, March 7, 1895.

Mr. Burnham, City.

MY DEAR DOCTOR:—My attention was first called to "San-Jak" last year in the case of Captain J M. Brosius, of Terre Haute, Ind., who was attacked in this city with acute nephritis and cystitis (inflammation of the bladder and kidneys.) After prescribing the usual remedies without avail, "San Jak" was suggested, and the improvement was so marked after the first dose, and a complete cure followed so speedily that I at once commenced an investigation of its merits, and have since prescribed it in almost every known form of kidney, bladder, urethial, vaginal and catarrhal troubles, followed in each instance by the happiest results.

In my own case (cystitis) the relief it gave me by its use in a few days was simply marvelous.

A case of enuresis (involuntary flow of urine) in my own family was very much improved by a few doses, and radically cured in less than a week. From practical experience in a number of bad cases of leucorrhoea, I am free to say that I have found no remedy that is equal to "San-Jak."

And while I have never before given a professional endorsement to a proprietary remedy, I say unhesitatingly and without reserve that I consider "San Jak" a veritable boon to humanity, and after applying to it the surely professional tests, can say with confidence it is better than it is recommended to be.

I shall continue to prescribe it in all cases of genito-urinary or catarrh troubles in preference to all other known remedies

AS A NERVE TONIC, "San Jak" can be relied upon fully and entirely. The delicious taste of the medicine is also in its favor, in prescribing it for children. I am at present using "San-Jak" as an alterative in skin diseases, and several cases of chronic eczema have yielded so rapidly to its influence that I shall continue to use it in all similar cases, feeling confident that it will meet all the indications in such cases.

Yours sincerely,

(Signed) GEO. W. SNYDER, M. D.

Chicago, Ill.

Sold by All Druggists.

5,904,000,000,000 Descendants.

Every known plant is occasionally inhabited by its own peculiar aphis, or plant louse These curious insects breed with wonderful rapidity, a French naturalist proving that a pair of them will within six weeks produce five generations, or a grand total of 5,904,000,000,000 descendants —St. Louis Republic.

"I was troubled with that dreadful disease called dropsy; swollen from head to foot Burdock Blood Bitters has completely cured me. It is a most wonderful medicine." Joseph Herick, Linwood, Ont.

PLEURISY QUICKLY CURED.

I have suffered the most excruciating pains in the side. The Doctor said it was Pleurisy. The Brazilian Balm gave me almost instant relief when everything else failed, and permanently cured me. I took it and had some warmed and rubbed on strong.

MRS. ELIZABETH PARCELS,
Marcus Hook, Pa.

POMOLOGICAL ART.

TRYING TO PRODUCE SEEDLESS AND THORNLESS FRUIT.

Methods by Which Fruit Scientists Succeed In Improving Upon Nature Results Have Shown That They Are on the Right Basis Slight Success With Apples.

One of the most important objects pomologists are striving for is to produce thornless and seedless fruits, and from the results already obtained it is not unlikely that the end will soon be realized. Seeds are not relished by the consumers of fruits, and if they could be removed we would enjoy our grapes without experiencing a dread of appendicitis and kindred complaints.

Thorns are not in good standing among fruit growers, because they are constantly puncturing the best fruits and, what is equally important, the skin of the pickers. The thorns and prickles of plants and trees were undoubtedly intended by nature to protect them from animals, but that is no reason why they should be continued for generation after generation on the cultivated varieties. The gardener has no need for them, and, for that matter, the trees and shrubs have none either.

Our domesticated pears and apples were all derived from the thorny, wild varieties, and pomologists have succeeded in ridding them of these spikes and prickles by careful culture and selection. Oranges and lemons have not been cultivated in this country as successfully as pears and apples, and many of them are very thorny. The wild and sour orange trees of Florida are bristling with thorns, as is also the high priced king orange, one of the best of the mandarins. The wild lemon trees of Florida are so thorny that growers question the advisability of grafting the fine La France lemons on them.

In Florida, however, the thorns of the orange and lemon trees have been greatly reduced by selecting buds from branches with the fewest thorns, and by continuing this process year after year the sharp spikes disappear. In California nearly all of the orange trees are thornless—not naturally, but as the result of cultivation and selection.

The thorns on blackberries, raspberries and rosebushes give the greatest bother to horticulturists in the north, and there is a determined effort to get rid of them. The thorns give endless trouble to the pickers, and their removal might save many a puncture to delicate hands. There is an improved variety of raspberry placed on the market today which is entirely thornless, but the trouble is that quality and quantity of fruit have been sacrificed to the gain made in destroying the thorns.

There is little doubt that perfect thornless blackberries and raspberries will soon be obtained, for there is a widespread movement among gardeners and seedsmen to accomplish this. The man who is fortunate enough to produce a variety that gives perfect fruit without the thorns will receive a pretty stiff price for his plants.

Seeds are also unnecessary plant products in these advanced days of horticulture, when gardeners propagate half their stock by cuttings, grafts and slips Nature need no longer trouble herself about the fear of losing any of her types The modern horticulturist is sure to preserve every one of any value without gathering a seed.

The California navel orange represents the best type of fruit grown without seeds. Nature produced this orange as a freak at first, and man has taken advantage of it to propagate fruit of a high order. Half the oranges of California are grafted with the navel, and it is the most important fruit of the Pacific coast. Nature tried to produce twins in the navel orange, and one survived only as a protuberance in the blossom end, while the other expanded into a well shaped fruit without seeds. These oranges are occasionally found with small seeds; but, as a rule, they are perfectly seedless.

Several varities of seedless apples and pears have already been produced, but the quality of the fruit is generally poor and nearly worthless. They are called "bloomless" pears and apples and are exhibited more as curiosities than as the triumphs of pomological art. Nevertheless, they are the beginning of a new era of apple growing, and they represent the primary stock of seedless fruits which may produce in time the finest flavored apples and pears.

The grape industry would be benefited more than any other by the production of new varieties without seeds, and toward this end scores of fruit growers are working, especially in California. The idea is to produce not only table grapes, but grapes that will make fine raisins. Seedless raisins would prove such a boon to the whole civilized world that any other variety would be quickly run out of the market.

There is a seedless grape of Corinth, which commonly passes as a currant, and the Sultana raisins of southeastern Europe are also seedless. But these fruits are so small that they can never answer the purpose. What the trade wants is a large, seedless grape, with perfect color and flavor, and to get that it is necessary to experiment for years. —New York Journal.

The Austrian Dynasty.

The present emperor of Austria is Francis Joseph, who ascended the throne Dec. 2, 1848. He is of the royal house of Hapsburg, which has held the throne since 1282. Twenty-six sovereigns of this house have ruled over Austria. Rudolph I, the noblemen who founded this royal family, built a castle on the Habichtsburg, or Hawk's mountain, whence the name of the family.

An authority on deaf mutes says that the ratio of deaf mutes to hearing is about 1 to each 1,600, according to which there are about 40,000 such persons in the United States and about 1,000,000 in the world's entire population.

AN OVERRATED BEAST.

A Sudan Correspondent Indulges In Reflections on the Camel.

The London News correspondent with the Sudan expedition sent the following reflections on the camel:

The camel, be it at once said, is an overrated beast There is a great deal of him, but he is not for his size nearly so strong as the useful, unpretentious donkey. Then, too, his anatomy is so strangely conceived. His legs are attached to his great, unwieldy carcass with seemingly so little consideration for the uses to which (merely viewed as legs) he might be expected to put them, and his neck and tail are so obviously disproportionate to the rest of him, and both so useless, that the camel is somehow incomplete, or, owing to some mistake, was never finished off at all.

Even the qualities he possesses tend to strengthen one in this bewildering suspicion. For instance, he can kick himself violently in the—let us say the front of the back—with his fore leg. He does it constantly. Time and again have I devoted long hours (fruitlessly, I must admit) to an attempt to win the confidence of my favorite camel—my favorite because he is less cruel to me than the others. I have wooed him with the soft notes of my kourbash, I have tempted him with the thorniest of mimosa branches, I have puffed tobacco smoke into his supercilious nostrils.

And then, just as I have fancied I saw the light of sympathy dawning in his long lashed eye, he has risen all of one movement to his feet, grinned at me in a frightful manner, disclosing a forest of green and broken teeth, and gazing at me full, with more vindictive contempt than I have ever marked in any human eye, has kicked himself violently in the stomach and lay down again, as who should say, "Now, go away and don't bother, like a good boy."

Then he can gnaw his own tail—his absurd, useless little rag of a tail that isn't even worth biting. But is that an object worth living for? Or, again, he has, to be sure, seven stomachs, of which, vain beast, he is so inordinately proud (as though he had anything to do with it) that he is constantly fetching up one of them to show you and blows it out from his great, ugly throat in a horrid, glittering, transparent bulb for you to admire.

WAS THERE TO GLOAT.

An Oversight by the Gas Company That Gladdened His Heart.

There was a look of joy about his face as he went into the gas office that made the man behind the counter glad in his soul. It was so different from the expression which visitors ordinarily wore. He walked to one window and then to another and stood around and smiled.

"Can we do anything for you?" the clerk inquired.

"Nope. Go right ahead with your business. Don't mind me. I had a few spare minutes, and I came here to gloat."

"Over whom?" was the surprised query.

"Over the company."

"I—I must say I don't quite understand you."

"I suppose I'd better explain it. It's too good to keep. But I get so much enjoyment out of it that you'll have to excuse me if I tell it slow, so as to make it last longer. You people are very particular about your meters."

"Of course. We have to be."

"You've got it down so you can measure the extra pressure that occurs all through the city if one of the workmen happens to cough in your gas factory."

"We haven't got it quite so close as that, but we've done our best to protect our interests."

"Well, I had occasion to have a sanitary plumber in my house yesterday. He's the man that made the discovery. He informed me that there was a whole lot of sewer gas in my house that you never discovered. You didn't have any arrangements for measuring it in the meter, and it got clear past you. I'm not naturally vindictive, but I couldn't resist the temptation to come around and tell you about it and make you feel bad."—Washington Star.

German Postage Stamps.

Contrary to the custom of most monarchs, Emperor William II of Germany has never allowed his effigy to be engraved upon a postage stamp, and philatelists and the world in general have wondered at the modesty in this respect of the young kaiser, who usually is not averse to having his features displayed before the eyes of his admiring subjects. No direct and authentic reason has been given why the Prussian black eagle has not been long ago replaced by the kaiser's effigy, but perhaps an explanation may be found in the strain of superstition which more than once has influenced the action of the Hohenzollerns. The Prussian stamps issued from 1850 to 1858 bore the image of Frederick William IV. But the year before he became legally insane he had it replaced with the black eagle, for he could not bear to see his countenance soiled and mutilated by the postoffice employees. A few years ago an enterprising Berlin manufacturer had lead pencils made, upon which was stamped a bas relief head of William II. The minister of education at once ordered schoolteachers not to allow their pupils to use these particular pencils "since the children might disfigure the face of their sovereign by biting the pencils with their teeth."—New York Tribune.

South African Chivalry.

The following interesting little dialogue was heard last week at a wedding in a west end church.

Parson—Who gives this woman away?

Voice at Back of the Congregation—I could, but I won't.

The individual at the back of the congregation manifests a marvelous generosity. We do not give the story as an intended reflection on South African morality.—African Review.

A FOE TO BURGLARS.

Where Private Watchmen Patrol There Is Little Chance For Housebreaking.

"No, I suppose he never does catch a thief," said an uptown resident the other evening, just after the private watchman had passed the house, "but it's worth $20 or $25 a year to have that man around looking after your house during the night. It's just like any kind of insurance. If you keep paying that man year after year and have never had a robbery or even an attempt at it during all that time, you might naturally feel that you had had the worst of it, but if you do without the watchman and get up some fine morning to find that your silverware and jewelry have taken flight in the night, then it's time to kick yourself for not having employed him."

Probably every one who has walked through the fine residence section after 10 p. m. has seen these watchmen. They walk along leisurely, as though going nowhere in particular. If you take notice of one of them long enough, you will see him stop at a certain house, try the doors, see that the windows are closed, and then pass on to another house, where he will repeat the operation. This he keeps up all night—that is, from about 10 p. m. until daylight—and a burglar must operate pretty quickly if he expects to get away with anything from a house that this man is watching.

His first round is made late in the evening, after most families have gone to bed, yet before any of the jimmy and dark lantern fraternity is up and doing. He makes a careful inspection of every house under his care and sees that everything is all secure for the night. Frequently on this trip he finds a window open or a grating unfastened or a back gate unlocked, probably a piece of negligence on the part of some servant or member of the family. In these cases he fastens the open window or grating, and his work for the night has really begun.

Each watchman tries to have between 30 and 40 houses on his beat, which does not include over three or four blocks. In this way it is never more than half an hour from the time that he leaves a particular house until he is back to it again. He knows just how every house ought to look, even to many minor details that the average passerby would not notice, and if there are any signs of anything wrong, he soon finds out the cause.

These watchmen have no power of arrest aside from that which every citizen has of holding a thief or other wrongdoer and turning him over to an officer. They all carry night sticks and revolvers, however, and could probably give a burglar a good tussle until a policeman could respond to a whistle or rapping on the sidewalk for assistance. The average price paid to these guardians of private residents is $1.50 to $[illegible] a month, but it may go as high as $5, depending largely upon the generosity of the house owner. But the watchman with 35 houses on his list makes a good living and is contented with his lot. It is not an agreeable job going the rounds on a stormy winter night, but these men prepare themselves for it and have grown accustomed to it through long service. Most of them have been in the business all their lives, and some have taken up their nightly round where their fathers left it. —New York Tribune.

Intercollegiate Debating.

That the value of intercollegiate debating can be seriously doubted is difficult to understand. The merits of the debate itself—the give and take, the sharpening of wits, the demand for cool heads and keen minds—have long been appreciated. Intercollegiate debate, since it calls for these qualities in simply a greater degree, is only the more admirable. At no other time in his college course does a man have the opportunity to work up a question so thoroughly and consistently. Not only must a great mass of facts and material be collected by the debater, but he must react on them in an original way. The power of selection and judgment is constantly called into service. How much to take and what to leave is an ever perplexing problem.

Of still greater value is the sense of responsibility engendered. On the debaters rests the making of the case, and to them the college looks. The practice in speaking, too, is excellent. As a rule the ideas of the college student are not set much store by, but on this one occasion, before an intelligent audience and before a distinguished body of judges, he is expected to give, and he will be listened to while he does give, his most matured ideas. This in addition to the practice of the trial debates, where a man speaks daily on a question which has his whole heart and soul, gives the student a grasp, a power, a capacity, which he does not acquire otherwise.—Professor R. C. Ringwalt in Forum.

THE "BLOODY ANGLE."

One of the Most Desperate Engagements In the War.

I had been anxious to participate in the scenes occurring at the "angle," and now got permission to go there and look after some new movements which had been ordered. Lee made five assaults in all that day in a series of desperate and even reckless attempts to retake his main line of earthworks, but each time his men were hurled back defeated, and he had to content himself in the end with throwing up a new line farther in his rear.

The battle near the "angle" was probably the most desperate engagement in the history of modern warfare and presented features which were absolutely appalling. It was chiefly a savage hand to hand fight across the breastworks. Rank after rank was riddled by shot and shell and bayonet thrusts, and finally sank, a mass of torn and mutilated corpses. Then fresh troops rushed madly forward to replace the dead, and so the murderous work went on. Guns were run up close to the parapet, and double charges of canister played their part in the bloody work. The fence rails and logs in the breastworks were shattered into splinters, and trees over a foot and a half in diameter were cut completely in two by the incessant musketry fire. A section of the trunk of a stout oak tree thus severed was afterward sent to Washington, where it is still on exhibition at the National museum. We had not only shot down an army, but also a forest.

The opposing flags were in places thrust against each other and muskets were fired with muzzle against muzzle. Skulls were crushed with clubbed muskets and men stabbed to death with swords and bayonets thrust between the logs in the parapet which separated the combatants. Wild cheers, savage yells and frantic shrieks rose above the sighing of the wind and the pattering of the rain formed a demoniacal accompaniment to the booming of the guns as they hurled their missiles of death into the contending ranks Even the darkness of night and the pitiless storm failed to stop the fierce contest, and the deadly strife did not cease till after midnight. Our troops had been under fire for 24 hours, but they still held the position which they had so dearly purchased.

My duties carried me again to the spot the next day, and the appalling sight presented was harrowing in the extreme. Our own killed were scattered over a large space near the "angle," while in front of the captured breastworks the enemy's dead, vastly more numerous than our own, were piled upon each other, in some places four layers deep, exhibiting every ghastly phase of mutilation. Below the mass of fast decaying corpses the convulsive twitching of limbs and the writhing of bodies showed that there were wounded men still alive and struggling to extricate themselves from their horrid entombment. Every relief possible was afforded, but in too many cases it came too late. The place was well named the "Bloody Angle."

The results of the battle are best summed up in the report which the general in chief sent to Washington. At 6:30 p. m., May 12, he wrote to Halleck as follows: "The eighth day of battle closes leaving between 3,000 and 4,000 prisoners in our hands for the day's work, including 2 general officers, and over 30 pieces of artillery. The enemy are obstinate and seem to have found the last ditch. We have lost no organization, not even that of a company, while we have destroyed and captured one division (Johnson's), one brigade (Doles') and one regiment entire of the enemy." The Confederates had suffered greatly in general officers. Two had been killed, 4 severely wounded and 2 captured. Our loss in killed, wounded and missing was less than 7,000; that of the enemy between 9,000 and 10,000 as nearly as could be ascertained.—General Horace Porter in Century.

Grewsome Gambling.

When Tommy Atkins was in the Sudan, he amused himself during the hot season with an original game of chance called "taking the temperature."

As nearly everybody had a slight touch of fever a mouth thermometer would be borrowed from a surgeon and the temperature of each one taken.

Each man would put up a small stake, and the one having the highest temperature would take the pool.

The winner would sometimes need a temperature as high as 102 F., which speaks for itself. It is a good illustration of the recklessness possessed by the average British soldier and the philosophical way in which he takes his troubles.—Strand Magazine.

They Do.

Conductors on smoking cars should at least help the ladies to alight.—Philadelphia Record.

The man who tries to live 730 days in a year is likely to find something giving way before the year is complete. The human animal is a remarkably strong organization. It is astonishing how much abuse it will stand and still hold together. With proper care it seems well nigh indestructible. What is proper care?

Right food at the right time, right work, right sleep, right rest. Not one man in a thousand can have these things—or will not, if he can. Next best thing is the remedy. If the machine is out of order it must be mended. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is medicine for the blood and nerves. It helps stomach and brain and lungs—particularly lungs. All weakness and disease seems to lead to lung trouble. Consumption kills more men than rifle balls.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" straightens out the digestion—that's the first step to pure blood. It searches out every disease germ and kills it. It perfectly purifies every portion of the body. It furnishes food for the tired nerves and the fagged brain. It builds up health and strength and flesh. Nothing else is like it. Nothing else is "just as good."

There is hardly a disease in the category of human ills that is not caused or aggravated by constipation. Headache, heart-burn, sour stomach, biliousness, and palpitation of the heart are all caused by constipation. That trouble is promptly and permanently remedied by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They never gripe. Your money back if they do. Cost twenty-five cents at the druggist's. If he is dishonest he will offer something said to be "just as good."

Erie . . Railroad.

ERIE LINES

Time Card in Effect Dec 6th, 1896.

From LIMA, OHIO.

TRAINS WEST. Depart

No. 5, Vestibule Limited, daily, for Chicago and the West ..... 11:23 a m
No. 3, Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago and the West ..... 12:37 a m
No 1, Express, daily except Sunday, for Chicago and the West ..... 9:23 a m
No. 31, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday ..... 7:00 a m
No. 13, Wells Fargo Limited Express, daily, except Monday ..... 5:35 m

TRAINS EAST.

No. 8, Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston ..... 9:02 p m
No. 2, Express, daily, except Sunday 3:30 p m
No. 12, Express daily, for New York 2:46 a m
No. 32, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday ..... 7:00 a m

Train 13 will not run days following legal holidays.

Through coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.

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For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, AND POULTRY.

500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals and Chart sent Free.

CURES: A.A.—Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation
B.B.—Spinal Meningitis, Milk Fever.
C.C.—Strains, Lameness, Rheumatism.
D.D.—Distemper, Nasal Discharges.
E.E.—Bots or Grubs, Worms.
F.F.—Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia.
G.G.—Colic or Gripes, Bellyache.
H.H.—Miscarriage, Hemorrhages.
I.I.—Urinary and Kidney Diseases.
J.J.—Eruptive Diseases, Mange.
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Single Bottle (over 50 doses), - - .60
Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicator, $7.00
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Sold by Druggists; or sent prepaid anywhere and in any quantity on receipt of price.

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In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for

Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.

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Manhood Restored.

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NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT

THE ORIGINAL. ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS.

Is sold under positive Written Guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium, or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail, $1 a box; six for $5; with written guarantee to cure or refund money. Sample package, containing five days' treatment, with full instructions, 25 cents. One sample only sold to each person. At store or by mail.

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For Impotency, Loss of Power, Lost Manhood, Sterility or Barrenness, $1 a box; six for $5, with written guarantee to cure in 30 days. At store or by mail.

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The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pill ever offered to Ladies. Especially recommended to married Ladies. Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS and take no other. SEND FOR CIRCULAR. Price $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

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FOR $5.00.

Respectfully,

REYNO H. TREAT.

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TWO NIGHTS, COMMENCING

Friday, January 22nd, and Saturday, 23rd.

Hamilton's company of players. Direction Frank O. Hamilton, producing

AUGUSTUS THOMAS'

Greatest Success

"IN MIZZOURA."

A true character story perfectly acted by a selected company. Correctly framed by Scenery made from sketches painted on the spot.

Hear the Imperial Quartett

Prices as Usual. Seats at box Office.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO

COUNTING ROOM 321 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 84.

ABOUT PEOPLE

Who They Are, Where They Have Been or Are Going.

Attorney H. P. Williamson was in Toledo yesterday.

H. D. Campbell returned from Toledo last evening.

Metellus Thompson, of Kenton, was in the city yesterday.

Miss Gertie Gerard, of Sidney, is the guest of Lima friends.

Lee Gordon, of Buckland, was in the city yesterday afternoon.

Miss Galbreath, of Ottawa, is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. B Hathaway.

Miss Grace Bryan is visiting friends at Granville, Newark and Zanesville

Dr. Baxter returned from Toledo last evening, where he had been in attendance at the Hughes trial.

John Larrabee, the traveling passenger agent of the B & O. S W railway, was in the city last night

Mr. and Mrs. John Wollett, of Rockford, O., are the guests of Mrs Anna Wollett, of south Jackson street.

Mr. and Mrs Andrew Shuler have returned home from Seneca county, where they attended the funeral of a relative.

Attorneys H L Brice and W. B. Richie returned last evening from Toledo, where they had been attending the Hughes trial.

Mrs. Maggie Kehris, of Ottoville, who has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. J. J. Kennington, of east North street, was called to Minster yesterday by the serious illness of a relative.

A Good Thing.

To be able to wander from their dull storeroom at this season of the year, when business is considered dull, and gather in a three or four hundred dollar contract, is a good thing. Yet Hoover Bros' recently closed a contract for seating the new Bethel Christian Union church, west of Allentown, with opera chairs. Hoover Bros' got a good thing in competition with three firms from as many states—the church people got a good thing in that they have the best thing going for the least money

That is the way Hoover Bros' do business.

Heating stoves at half price at Hoover Bros.'

Dr. Whitmore, of Buffalo,

The inventor of a new truss, will be at Vorthamp's drug store until Monday and will be pleased to meet all who may be afflicted No charge for examination and satisfaction guaranteed 4-3t

Heating stoves at half price at Hoover Bros.'

A GAS FIRE

Set Fire to a Little Girl's Dress—The Parents Burned in Protecting Her.

Laura, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs T A McLaughlin, met with a serious accident last evening. She was dressed in a light gown and while standing near an open gas fire the dress caught afire The mother and father, in attempting to protect their little daughter, were severely burned about the hands and face. Mr. McLaughlin extinguished the flames by throwing a rug around the body of the little girl, who was severely burned about the neck, face and arms Mr McLaughlin's hands were burned so he is unable to use them to-day

BACK FROM COLUMBUS.

Members of the Board of Health Attend the State Meeting

Wilbur Fisk, John Hauenstein, H. J Durnbaugh, C S Stolzenbach and Dr. Laudick, members of the board of health of this city, who were at Columbus Thursday and Friday attending the annual meeting of the State board of health and the local boards of health, returned last evening. They report an excellent meeting and a good time. The meeting was said to have been the largest one that has been held in this State for over six years.

Dr. Kahle was on the programme and read a paper that was highly complimented.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

George Williams, of east North street, is suffering from an attack of la grippe.

The annual election of councilmen will take place at St Rose church tomorrow, after the 10 o'clock service.

There will be a meeting of the Allen County Bar Association Monday evening at 7 30 o'clock, at the circuit court room

Russell Miller, of La Porte, Ind, has accepted a position with the Western Southern Life Insurance company of this city.

Lewis M Roeder, who has been sick for the last two months, has been taken to the Ann Arbor hospital to have an operation performed.

Mrs J S. Cooke, of west Wayne street, who has been seriously ill during the past week with la grippe, is a little better, though she is still in a precarious condition on account of heart trouble.

Mr. and Mrs. P. P. Smith, of Bellefontaine avenue, was pleasantly surprised last night by a visit from their daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs Olivia Van Doren, of Beardstown, Illinois, who came in very unexpectedly.

The Lima Lutheran Educational Association purchased a No 2 Smith Premier typewriter for use of pupils in the commercial department, Cincinnati block. This up to date machine is highly appreciated by the large number of pupils receiving instructions in this first-class department.

In the TIMES DEMOCRAT account yesterday of the C. H. & D. shop meeting held Thursday evening, the remarks of Councilman McVey were not quoted correctly. What Mr. McVey said was that he was ready to do his share and make a cash subscription He would further agree, that if a nice office was fitted up in the new shops he would contribute a fine job of plumbing for that office in addition to his cash subscription.

Linen Sale.

The annual sale of bleached and cream table linens, napkins, towels and towelings is now in progress.

Our entire stock of crochet and marseilles quilts are included in this sale, and offered at reduced prices.

Resp'y
REYNO H. TREAT,
5-6t & 8-2t No 209 n. Main st.

THE FOURTH DAY

Of the Hughes Trial in the Federal Court.

NO NEW DEVELOPMENTS.

Bank Examiner Betts' Testimony Concluded—One Count Nolled by the Prosecution President Wheeler's Testimony

TOLEDO, O, Jan. 23.—(Special)—When the Hughes case was resumed yesterday afternoon, Mr. Betts was still upon the stand and the direct examination was continued Witness stated that Mr. Hughes had informed him that the amount of $2,105 44 was charged against the Merchants' National Bank, of Cincinnati, when an amount should have been credited to that bank. The draft which this alleged false entry represented was handed the witness and was identified by him Witness then referred to the books and gave figures of what bank assets should have been had the draft mentioned been properly credited. Witness said report to comptroller showed that $63 099 68 was charged against the Euclid Avenue Bank, of Cleveland, but that Mr Hughes had informed him $1,600 was charged to that bank when it should have been credited

SEVENTH COUNT NOLLIED.

District Attorney Dodge sprung a surprise about 2.45 o'clock, by entering a nolle to the seventh count in the indictment, which is one of the counts in which false entries were charged

Witness was asked if the correct aggregates appeared upon the daily statement book on the date of September 19th, 1894 Witness replied that they did not; that the amount of the bank's liabilities was reduced $29,000 and its assets increased that amount by the misapplication of the Firestone $4,000 and the Swan $25,000 deposits. Witness stated that the defendant had informed him that he had reduced the loans and discounts to the extent of $25,000 by entering that amount, the Swan deposit so as to increase the assets of the bank upon the daily statement book Witness testified that entry had the appearance of having been erased from one book and re entered in another on date of September 19th, 1894.

One of the most interesting and least complicated pieces of testimony given by Mr Betts during the afternoon, was given by him very deliberately in reply to a question asked him by District Attorney Dodge with reference to the condition of the bank on September 19, 1894 Mr Betts replied: "I examined the books of the bank on the morning of the 20th, after the close of business on the 19th and found $9 067.50 as the cash account and found the cash and cash items in the bank, upon being counted, to be $9,118,92, there being $51 42 in what is known as long cash. On the 27th, when I returned to complete my examination, it developed by statements made to me that the bank had been collector of taxes for Allen county and that Mr Hughes had left an even $10,000 off of the books and had not credited it to the county treasurer About March 7th, 1894, a draft for $10 000 was drawn by Mr. Hughes on the First National Bank, of New York, to pay to the order of W. H C Monroe. (Here a draft was handed to witness who identified it as the Swan draft) The draft was endorsed by the cashier and handed to the county treasurer It was held by the treasurer until about September 3, 1894, when it was returned to the bank The draft was held by the bank uncashed until Sept 13th, when it was charged to the Chase National Bank, but the draft still remained in the bank. As the draft was a cash item, the charge to the Chase National simply took this as cash" Witness was asked if there was any entry of this charge on the books of the bank. Witness found charge entered on date of Sept 13th, 1894, and on date of Sept 22nd was credited back and marked 'charged in error"

CROSS EXAMINATION OF MR. BETTS.

Cross-examination—Witness said he made his first examination of the First National Bank in May, 1894 Took trial balances of the books, listed loans and discounts Made the examination in one day at that time Was usually given about a day to make an examination, unless a bank was suspicioned At that time he did not suspect anything wrong with the bank. When asked why he did not find out the things that were wrong with the bank at the time of his first examination, he replied that he could not discover anything at that time because he wasn't smart enough. He was asked why, if there were protested and returned drafts were not credited back in the books of the First National Bank, he could not discover it in making an examination. Witness replied that it was because when Mr. Hughes would charge a draft of $1 500 to the Chase National Bank of New York and send it there for collection, it would be protested and returned, and he would neglect to credit it back. The cash would be handed over to Mr W. H. C Monroe, for whom the draft was drawn, and the amount was charged to the Chase National as part of the assets of the

[Continued on Fifth Page.]

CLUBS AND CLUBS.

Literary, Musical, Cooking, Social and Card Clubs.

A LARGE QUOTA IN LIMA.

The Social Functions of the Past Week Have Kept the Club People Busy—Receptions, Teas and Suppers Galore.

Mr and Mrs W. T. Agerter will entertain the East End Pedro club at their home on east Market street next Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Will Sprague entertained the St. Mary's Chapter of Christ church yesterday afternoon.

Monday evening the Philup Club will enjoy a 6 o'clock dinner at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas Price, of south Metcalf street.

A jolly crowd of ten couples of young people from Spencerville enjoyed a sleighride to Lima Thursday evening and were royally entertained by Miss Parmilla Simons, of east Kibby street Music and dancing filled the hours until midnight, when all enjoyed an oyster supper with all its usual accompaniments.

Mrs. Harry Monilton entertained the ladies of the Delmonico Cooking Club on Wednesday afternoon

Mr. and Mrs James Langan entertained the Allaquippa Whist Club last evening at their home on north Pierce street.

Mrs Jonathan K Brice will entertain the Sappho Club next Thursday afternoon. The programme will be miscellaneous music by the first composers.

Mrs. O. W Bell, of west High street, entertained ten of her lady friends at tea Thursday afternoon, that day being an anniversary of the hostess' birthday All gave evidence of their appreciation of the good things provided, and their wishes to help her celebrate many more anniversaries.

Mrs W A. Campbell gave a very pretty "Afternoon" Wednesday to about fifty ladies. Two harpists made delightful music throughout the afternoon as an accompaniment to lively conversation over the card tables. An amusing "Tea Test" made everyone sharpen their wits to give ready answers, after which a daintily served tea was much enjoyed.

The High Five Club will meet with Mr and Mrs J. R. Finnell next Tuesday evening.

The Phoenix Cooking Club will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs R. M Hughes, of east Market street.

The Bay View Club will meet next Monday evening with Mrs Howard Williamson, of west Market street

The home of Mr and Mrs J L Andrews, of west High street, was the scene of a pleasant gathering last evening upon the occasion of the sixth annual banquet of the Philomathean Literary Society. Twenty-five members and thirty guests were in attendance Spicy carnations filled the rooms with their fragrance and beauty

Upon this occasion this club laid aside their working garb and fun ran riot until ten o'clock, when the tables were laid for the following

MENU.

Sandwich a la Jambon,
Salade de Pommes de Terre
Escalloppes de Huitres
Gelatine, Entrees
Sales Amandis, Cream Glace
Gateau Blanch,
Gateau Noir, Cafe, Frappe

Each menu card was daintily decorated in water colors.

The Twentieth Century Reading Circle meets with Miss Mable Mackenzie next Monday evening.

Miss Roberts, of Marion, Ohio, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs Boyd Douglass for a fortnight's visit

Misses Anna Winters and Laura Wanner, of Lancaster, Ohio, are the guests of Mr and Mrs Joseph Bletzacker, of west High street

The Fortnightly Cooking Club met at Miss Mildred Rumple's home this afternoon and served a dainty tea in compliment to Mrs. Joseph Jones, one of its members, who is to leave for her new home in Muncie, Ind., next week

The Chautauquans will meet at the home of Miss Clara Reed, Monday evening.

Mrs A. J Werhle, of 658 west Spring street, delightfully entertained the thimble party on Wednesday in honor of her sister, Mrs L. G. Barton, of Millersburg, Ohio.

To-Night.

Our January Linen Sale closes to-night. All Cloaks have been marked down, and to night a special lot worth as high as $10 go on the bargain table at $3 98 Ladies' tennis flannel Night Gowns at 59c to-night, were 75c this morning. To-day we received another box of St Marys Blankets that are slightly damaged, and to-night they will be on sale at half price. All Wool Blankets $2.50 a pair. CARROLL & COONEY.

Heating stoves at half price at Hoover Bros.'

Water Works Notice

If you pay your water bill for the first half of 1897 before Feb. 1st, you will save 10 per cent.

tf H. B. HACKEDORN, Sec'y.

GUILTY

Is the Verdict Against Kemp and the Wade Boys,

Who Were Tried at Wapakoneta for Stealing Chickens and Other Articles.

Ben Wade, Albert Wade and Bill Kemp, who were indicted at Wapakoneta on the charge of stealing chickens, were tried this week at that place and found guilty.

The three men are from this city and not at all unknown to the police.

Ben Wade was tried for stealing chickens, rakes, blankets and other articles When he was brought up for trial he withdrew his plea of not guilty and entered one of guilty. Albert Wade, his brother, was indicted on a similar charge but decided to let the testimony establish his guilt The jury was not long in arriving at such a verdict when the case was given to them for action. Kemp's case comes up to-day and the probabilities are that he will change his plea, hoping thereby to receive a lighter sentence than he would if he would make them prove his guilt

DIVORCE GRANTED

In the Suit of Mr. Drover Against Mrs. Drover, of Delphos, on an Amended Petition

The Drover divorce suit occupied the attention of the court three days last week and was of considerable interest to a large number of people from Delphos, the home of the plaintiff and defendant Mr Drover applied for a divorce and the custody of their child. The testimony in the case substantiated but a part of the claims set forth in the petition, but a divorce was granted on an amended petition The court withheld its decision until yesterday afternoon, when a decree was rendered which severed the bonds that only a few years ago made man and wife two souls who believed that they loved each other and never could love another

But from their marriage closer associations and a more thorough understanding of each other followed, with the result of a disappointment to each of them Mr Drover was given the divorce, but to the mother was given the custody of the child—a decision which was approved by those interested in the suit and who knew the parties. Mr. Drover admitted his inability to take care of the child himself, and desired to send it to his parents in Indiana This was refused, as the child would then pass out of the custody of the court Drover was ordered to pay $10 a month for three years to the mother of the child for its care and protection

ON SUSPICION

Young Boys Arrested at the C., H & D Depot Last Night.

Three young boys, giving their names as W S Wilson, Harry Wilson and Frank Reins, were found loitering about the C, H. & D depot last evening and acting very suspiciously They were finally placed under arrest by Patrolmen Conway and O'Brien, who took them to the city prison for safe keeping If there is no call for them to-day from another place they will be released and ordered to move on

SHORT LOVE AFFAIR

A Divorce Suit Follows Six Months After the Wedding

The second day of last June Ora T Bayes and Jessie D Bayes were united in marriage, but love with them remained only a short time and instead of honoring and protecting each other their affections turned to distrust and dislike

In July they visited Kentucky, and there, the husband claims in his petition that the appearance of another man afforded a stronger fascination than did his own presence, and while there their love became a thing of the past.

He asks the court for an absolute divorce decree and such other relief as is just.

BOUND OVER

To the Common Pleas Court—Brinkerhoff Unable to Give Bail.

Harry Brinkerhoff, who was caught Thursday night while in the act of stealing articles of food from the supply room of the Burnet House, and placed under arrest, had his preliminary hearing yesterday afternoon before Justice Mowen

Messrs. Robert Spratt, Robert Hughes and S A. Miller were the only witnesses examined They testified to Brinkerhoff having been caught in the act of breaking a lock and stealing goods

The defendant had nothing to say and the magistrate bound him over to await the action of the next grand jury. His bond was fixed at $300 This he was unable to give, and was committed to jail

Dress Goods.

We are showing some new spring dress goods in neat fancies and small checks They are strictly all wool, and our price will be 25c, 40c and 50c a yard Our GOLD MEDAL black goods have no equal. Yours truly,

REYNO H. TREAT
5 6t&8 2t 209 N Main St.

URY OF CURES

THE RECORD OF

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

JURORS DRAWN.

Another Condemnation Suit Against the Northern Ohio

The following jury was drawn today by Sheriff Fisher and County Clerk U M Shappel to act in a condemnation suit of Dindot against the Northern Ohio railway company, which is to be heard January 22, 1897.

JURORS

Geo D Kanawl, First Ward, Lima, Lou S Brower, German township; J A Jacobs, Perry township; George Pugh, Third Ward, Lima; James A Elder, Sixth Ward, Lima; Thomas Harpster, Monroe township, Frank Urich, Jackson township, M J Morris, Lima, Third Ward; Alex Castle, Lima, Fifth Ward; M D Hadsell, Jackson township; M A Bowlus, Lima, Second Ward; John A Chapin, Lima, Third Ward; J H Stoutenbach, Lima, Sixth Ward, Daniel Angell, Lima, Seventh Ward; M E Boysell, Lima, Fourth Ward Henry Simons, Lima, Fourth Ward.

BROUGHT HOME.

Johannah Mulcahy Dies at Cleveland After Short Illness

The remains of Johannah Mulcahy who died at Cleveland, were brought to Lima yesterday afternoon over the C., H & D The body was taken to St Rose church, where the funeral services were conducted by Reverend Manning

Miss Mulcahy was the daughter of Mr and Mrs Mulcahy, of north Jefferson street She was about twenty years old and of late was staying with the Sisters of Charity at Cleveland She contracted the dreaded disease of consumption, which in a short time destroyed her life

She was buried in Gethsemani

BRAIN FEVER

Causes the Death of Cornelius Regan After a Short Illness

Cornelius Regan died at his home, 793 Reese avenue, yesterday He had been ill for about two weeks from an attack of brain fever He leaves a wife and three children. Mr Regan was about forty years old and had been employed for five years up to the beginning of his recent illness the engineer at the South Side steel plant The funeral will be held to morrow at 2:30 o'clock at St Rose church and the interment will be held at Gethsemani.

CONDEMNATION

Suit Against the Northern Ohio—Jurors Drawn

The condemnation suit of Vinnie Justice, of Delphos, against the Northern Ohio railway has been set for hearing on the second day of February next It is another suit where the plaintiff seeks to obtain damages to her property by the railway appropriating the public road running in front of her property The following jurors were drawn who will judge as to the justice of the defendant's claims David Apolas, Lima, seventh ward, Andrew Hauenstein, Bluffton, J H Allen, Lima, fourth ward; J M Hullebarger, Auglaize township, John A Grubb, Auglaize township; R W Griffiths, Sugar Creek township; Geo Rankin, Perry township, Willis McBride, Marion township E W Moon, Lima third ward, Louis O Durkee, Beaver Dam, W. W Reeder, Monroe township, John A Burgett Amanda township; L C Sigler, Monroe township D S Cross, Lima, fourth ward, Jas M. Fisher, Lima, seventh ward

STREET TALK

A Spencerville dispatch says Never in the history of this place has there been so much sickness. The undertakers and physicians are reaping a rich harvest, the latter being on the go almost continually Grip is the prevailing malady.

Muslin Sale

The greatest sale of bleached and unbleached muslins, pillow casings and sheetings, ready-made sheets and pillow cases is now going on It will pay you to supply yourselves now as the prices made are only for a short time Respectfully,

REYNO H. TREAT,
5 6t 8-2t No 209 N Main St

For news read the TIMES-DEMOCRAT, which publishes all the news while it is fresh The only real newspaper in Lima Compare it with any other local paper published in Ohio and the verdict will be "The TIMES-DEMOCRAT leads them all" Everybody takes it. Ten cents a week delivered at your supper table six nights a week.

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